

RX87Q

**Intel® Q87 µATX Motherboard Supports 22nm
4th Generation Core i7/i5/i3, Pentium® CPU**

µATX Motherboard

User's Manual

Edition 1.10 – Jul, 2014

FCC Statement



THIS DEVICE SUPPORTS PART 15 FCC RULES. OPERATION IS SUBJECT TO THE FOLLOWING TWO CONDITIONS:

(1) THIS DEVICE MAY NOT CAUSE HARMFUL INTERFERENCE.

(2) THIS DEVICE MUST ACCEPT ANY INTERFERENCE RECEIVED INCLUDING INTERFERENCE THAT MAY CAUSE UNDESIRED OPERATION.

THIS EQUIPMENT HAS BEEN TESTED AND FOUND TO COMPLY WITH THE LIMITS FOR A CLASS "A" DIGITAL DEVICE, PURSUANT TO PART 15 OF THE FCC RULES.

THESE LIMITS ARE DESIGNED TO PROVIDE REASONABLE PROTECTION AGAINST HARMFUL INTERFERENCE WHEN THE EQUIPMENT IS OPERATED IN A COMMERCIAL ENVIRONMENT. THIS EQUIPMENT GENERATES, USES, AND CAN RADIATE RADIO FREQUENCY ENERGY AND, IF NOT INSTALLED AND USED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE INSTRUCTION MANUAL, MAY CAUSE HARMFUL INTERFERENCE TO RADIO COMMUNICATIONS.

OPERATION OF THIS EQUIPMENT IN A RESIDENTIAL AREA IS LIKELY TO CAUSE HARMFUL INTERFERENCE IN WHICH CASE THE USER WILL BE REQUIRED TO CORRECT THE INTERFERENCE AT HIS OWN EXPENSE.

Notice

This guide is designed for experienced users to setup the system within the shortest time. For detailed information, please always refer to the electronic user's manual.

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Technical Support

We want you to get the maximum performance from your products. So if you run into technical difficulties, we are here to help. For the most frequently asked questions, you can easily find answers in your product documentation. These answers are normally a lot more detailed than the ones we can give over the phone. So please consult the user's manual first.

To receive the latest version of the user's manual; please visit our Web site at:

<http://www.bcmcom.com>.

If you still cannot find the answer, gather all the information or questions that apply to your problem, and with the product close at hand, call your dealer. Our dealers are well trained and ready to give you the support you need to get the most from your BCM products. In fact, most problems reported are minor and are able to be easily solved over the phone.

In addition, free technical support is available from BCM engineers every business day. We are always ready to give advice on application requirements or specific information on the installation and operation of any of our products. Please do not hesitate to call or e-mail us.

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1. Collect all the information about the problem encountered. (For example, CPU type and speed, BCM products model name, hardware & BIOS revision number, other hardware and software used, etc.) Note anything abnormal and list any on-screen messages you get when the problem occurs.
2. Call your dealer and describe the problem. Please have your manual, product, and any helpful information available.
3. If your product is diagnosed as defective, obtain an RMA (return material authorization) number from your dealer. This allows us to process your good return more quickly.
4. Carefully pack the defective product, a complete Repair and Replacement Order Card and a photocopy proof of purchase date (such as your sales receipt) in a shippable container. A product returned without proof of the purchase date is not eligible for warranty service.

Write the RMA number visibly on the outside of the package and ship it prepaid to your dealer.

Manual Objectives

This manual describes in detail the BCM RX87Q Main board.

We strongly recommend that you study this manual carefully before attempting to interface with RX87Q or change the standard configurations. Whilst all the necessary information is available in this manual we would recommend that unless you are confident, you contact your supplier for guidance.

Please be aware that it is possible to create configurations within the CMOS RAM that make booting impossible. If this should happen, clear the CMOS settings, (see the description of the Jumper Settings for details).

If you have any suggestions or find any errors concerning this manual and want to inform us of these, please contact our Customer Service department with the relevant details.

Safety Precautions

Warning!



Always completely disconnect the power cord from your chassis whenever you work with the hardware. Do not make connections while the power is on. Sensitive electronic components can be damaged by sudden power surges. Only experienced electronics personnel should open the PC chassis.

Caution!



Always ground yourself to remove any static charge before touching the mainboard. Modern electronic devices are very sensitive to static electric charges. As a safety precaution, use a grounding wrist strap at all times. Place all electronic components in a static-dissipative surface or static-shielded bag when they are not in the chassis.

Document Amendment History

Revision	Date	Comment
1 st (1.00)	Oct, 2013	Initial
2 nd (1.10)	July, 2014	Add BIOS setup information, correct memory slots with incorrect description

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Mainboard Specifications

Model	RX87Q
Processor	Socket LGA1150 supports 4 th Generation Core i7/i5/i3 CPU (up to 84W)
Chipset	Intel® Q87
Memory	4 x 240 Pin DIMM sockets supports DDR3 memory module (1.5V) 1333 (PC3-16000)/
Display	Intel® GMA HD (Must use Intel Processor that provides “Intel HD Graphics”)
SATA	6 x SATA III connectors supports Data Transfer rates 6.0Gb/s, 3.0Gb/s and 1.5Gb/s
PCI-E	1x PCI-E x 16 slots (Slot “PCIEX16”) 1 x PCI-E x4 slot (Slot “PCIEX4_1”) 1 x PCI-E x1 Slots (Slot “PCIEX1_1”, “PCIEX1_2”)
PCI	3 x PCI Slots (PCI 2.3 compliant)
USB	10 x USB 2.0 ports (5 x header) 4 x USB3.0 ports (4x rear I/O)
TPM	Infineon® TPM Chip 9635 1 x TPM 1.2 Security Device
Super I/O Controller	Fintek® F81866AD-I
Serial Ports	6 x RS232 ports (internal header)
LPT	1 x LPT header
Watch Dog Timer	1 ~ 255 sec timer
HW Monitor	Yes
Audio	Realtek® ALC887 HD Audio Codec with auto jack sensing
LAN	Intel® 217LM Gigabit PHY 1 x 10/100/1000 LAN Intel® 210AT PCI-E Gigabit LAN 1 x 10/100/1000 LAN
BIOS	AMI™ BIOS AMI™ Aptio BIOS with 32Mb SPI ROM
Expansion Slots	
PCI-E	1 x PCI-E x 16 slot
PCI	1 x PCI slot

Onboard I/O Headers	
SATA	6 x Std. SATA Connectors
USB	5 x USB Headers (10 ports on headers)
RS232	6 x Headers
LPT	1 x Header
Front Audio	1 x Header
Amplifier	1 x Header
Front Panel	1 x Header
Fan Header	3 x Headers (4-pins)
Chassis Intrusion Header	1 x Header
LANLED	1 x Header
Digital IO	1 x Header
LVDS	1 x Header (Optional Custom SKU)
Onboard Jumpers	
COM Port Ring-In/ Power Select	4 x Headers provide selections of "Ring-In", or "12V" or "5V" on COM ports
COM1 RS232/RS422/RS485 Select	3 x Headers provide selections of "RS232", or "RS422", or "RS485" on COM1
AT/ATX Select	1 x Header
Clear CMOS	1 x Header
Back I/O Panel	
PS/2 Keyboard /Mouse	1 x DIN 6 Stack up Connector
VGA	1 x DB 15 Connector
DVI	1 x DVI Connector
Displayport	2 x Displayport Connectors
USB3.0	4x Stack up USB Connector
LAN and USB	2 x Stack up RJ45 with USB Connectors
Audio	1 x 3 Jacks Audio Connector (Line-in, Line-Out, Mic)
Power & Connector	
	1 x Std. 24 pin ATX Connector
	1 x 4 pin ATX 12 Connector
Form Factor	
	ATX 9.6" x 9.6"

Chapter 1: System Setup

This chapter describes the mainboard features and the new technologies it supports

1.1 Welcome!

The mainboard delivers a host of new features and latest technologies, making it another line of BCM long life mainboards! Before you start installing the mainboard, and hardware devices on it, check the items in your package with the list below.

If any of the items listed below is damaged or missing, please contact with your vendor.

1.2 Packing Contents

- Mainboard

- 1 x RX87Q

- Cable

- 2 x Serial ATA Cable
- 2 x COM port Cable

- Accessories

- 1 x RX87Q I/O Shield

- Drivers

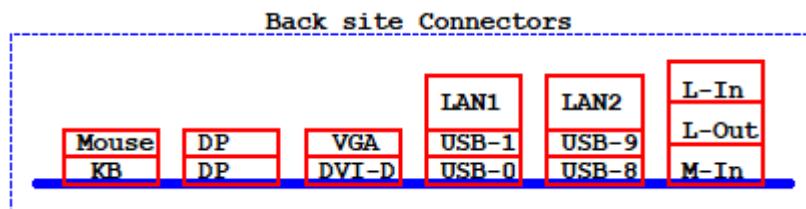
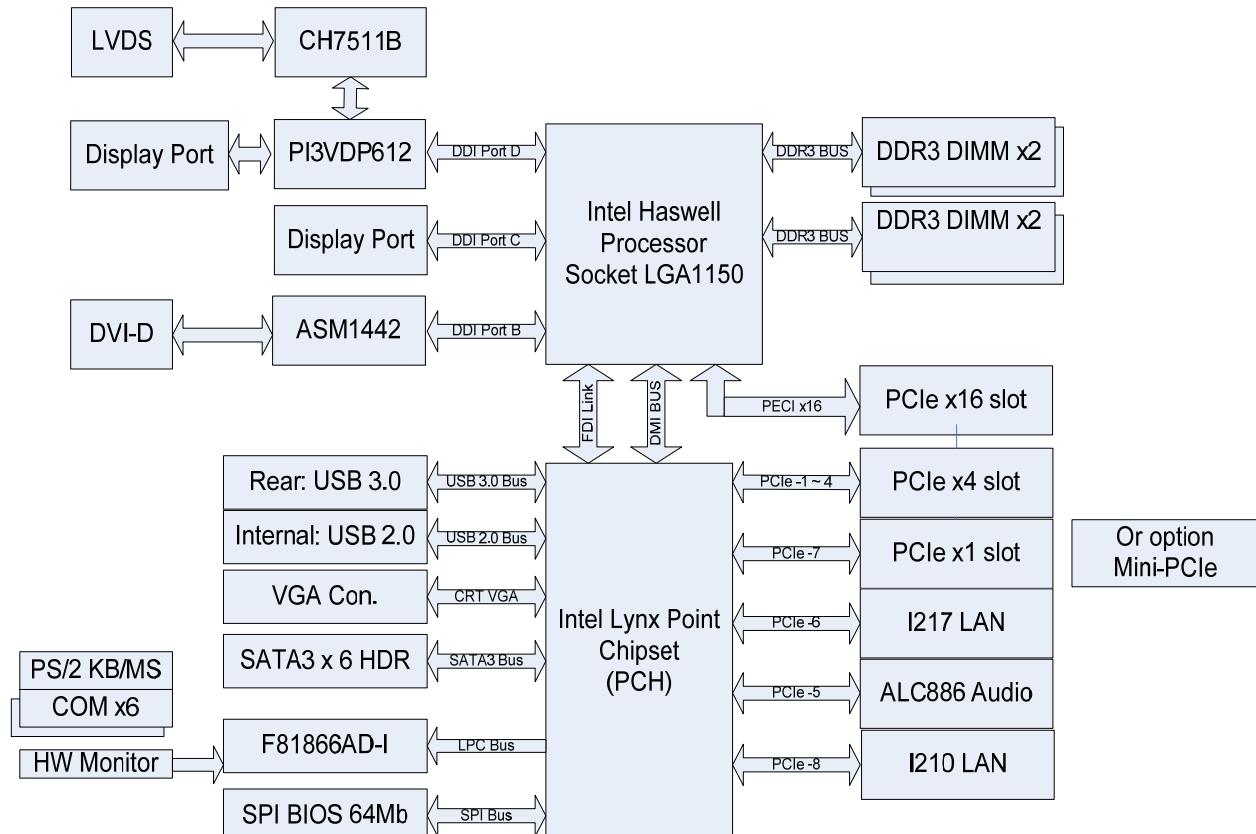
- Drivers is available for download at BCM website at www.bcmcom.com

- Documentation

- Quick Installation Guide and Manual are available for download at BCM website at www.bcmcom.com

1.3 Features

RX87Q block Diagram



1.4 Product Highlights

- **Intel® i7/i5/i3 LGA1150 Processor Support**

This mainboard supports Intel® 4th generation Haswell i7/i5/i3 processors in the LGA1150 package.

- **Intel® Q87 Express Chipset**

The Intel® Q87 PCH provides all business with more effective costs management, safer computing environment, and deploys more responsive PCs.

- **DDR3 Memory Support**

The mainboard supports DDR3 memory that features data transfer rates of 1333/ 1600MHz to meet the higher bandwidth requirements of the latest 3D graphics, multimedia, and Internet applications.

- **High Definition Audio**

The mainboard came with the Realtek ALC887 HD audio CODEC that lets you enjoy high quality 7.1+2 channel audio without having to buy advanced sound cards.

- **PCI-E x16 support**

The PCI-E x16 VGA interface specification enhances graphics performance with high bandwidth (PCIEx16 slot only).

- **PCI-E x4 support**

The PCI-E x4 reside with PCI-E x 16 slot allow option to install a second graphics adaptor

- **USB 3.0 Technology**

The mainboard implements the Universal Serial Bus (USB) 3.0 specification, which provides transfer rate up to 4.8Gbps. USB3.0 is backward compatible with USB2.0.

- **Trusted Platform Module (TPM) Support**

By combining the onboard TPM 1.2 with TPM security software (provided by the third party), it will enhance the security level of the system.



- **PRECAUTION: When TPM is enabled and utilized through TPM software, there is possibility that the encrypted data will not be accessible, or recoverable if one of the following situations occurred:**

1. **Lost of TPM password.**
2. **System or board failure, or being replaced.**
3. **Hard Drive failure.**

- **ME Lock overwrite**



- **The RX87Q has implement ME lock to avoid ME firmware accidentally overwrite (recommended by Intel for manufacture), after ME lock is implement to the boards, BIOS programing utility will not be able to overwrite ME region, if ME firmware need to be update, it require to adding a hardware jumper to jumper location J1 then power on the system, program new BIOS then remove jumper cap**

when BIOS update is complete (see Page 44).

1.5 Before you proceed

Take note of the following precautions before you install mainboard components or change any mainboard settings.

- **Unplug the power cord from the wall socket before touching any component inside the system.**
- **Use a grounded wrist strap or touch a safely grounded object or to a metal object, such as the power supply case, before handling components to avoid damaging them due to static electricity.**
- **Hold components by the edges to avoid touching the ICs on them.**
- **Whenever you uninstall any component, place it on a grounded antistatic pad or in the bag that came with the component.**
- **Before you install or remove any component, ensure that the ATX power supply is switched off or the power cord is detached from the power supply. Failure to do so may cause severe damage to the mainboard, peripherals, and/or components.**

1.6 Mainboard Overview

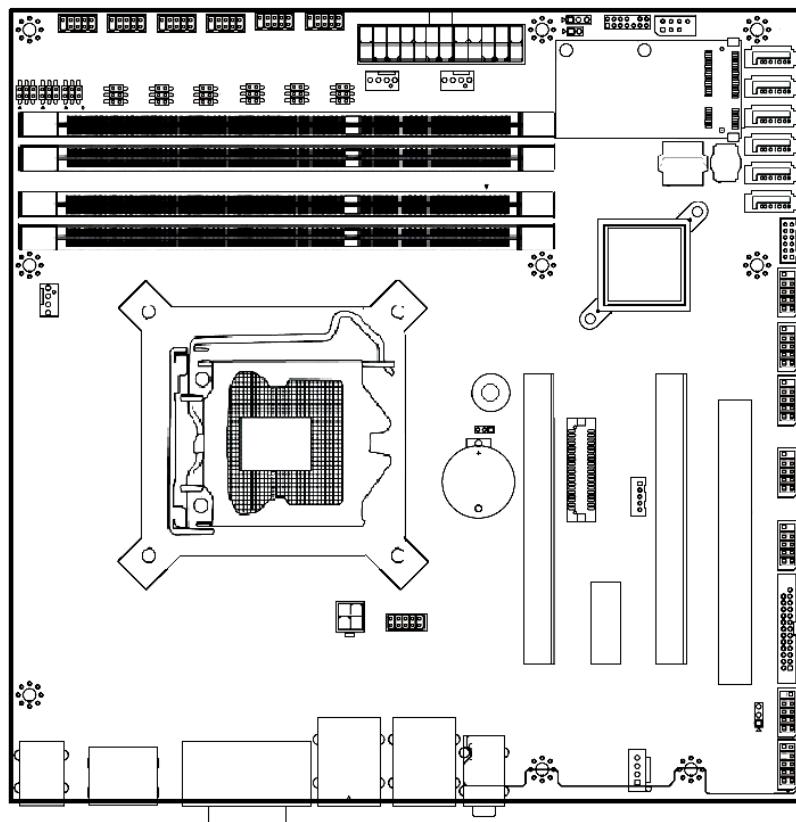
Before you install the mainboard, study the configuration of your chassis to ensure that the mainboard fits into it.



Make sure to unplug the power cord before installing or removing the mainboard. Failure to do so can cause you physical injury and damage mainboard components.

1.6.1 Placement Direction

When installing the mainboard, make sure that you place it into the chassis in the correct orientation. The edge with external port goes to the rear part of the chassis as indicated in the image below.

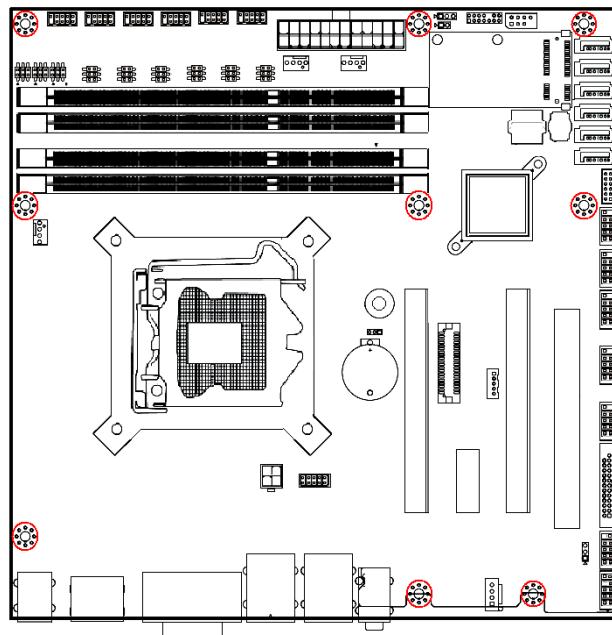


1.6.2 Mounting Holes

Place the screws into the mounting holes indicated by red squares to secure the mainboard to the chassis.



Do not over-tighten the screws! Doing so may damage the mainboard.



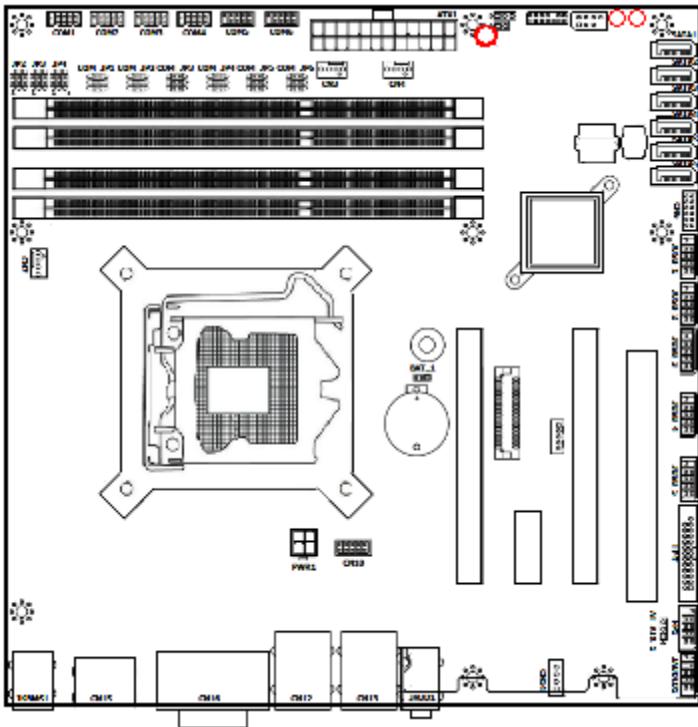
1.6.3 Onboard LEDs

The mainboard comes with a “Power On LED” (green) to indicate the system power status. When power cable is connect to the power source. The “Power LED” lights will be on to indicate that the system has standby power. This is a reminder that you should shut down the system and unplug the power cable before adding/ removing or plugging in any mainboard component. The illustration below shows the locations of onboard LEDs.

LED1 =VCC+5V (reserved)

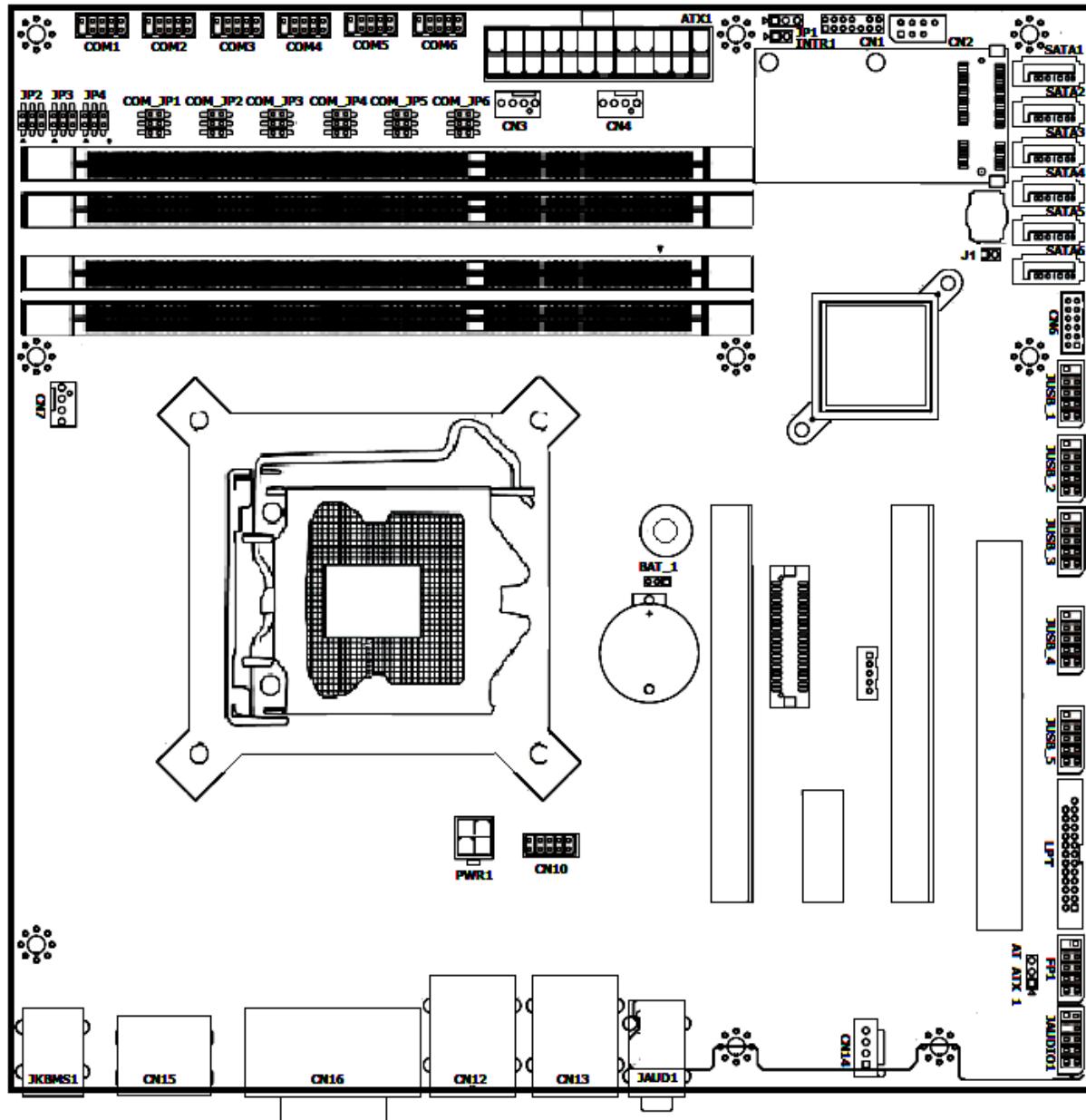
LED2 =VSB+5V (reserved)

LED3 = +5V (Power)

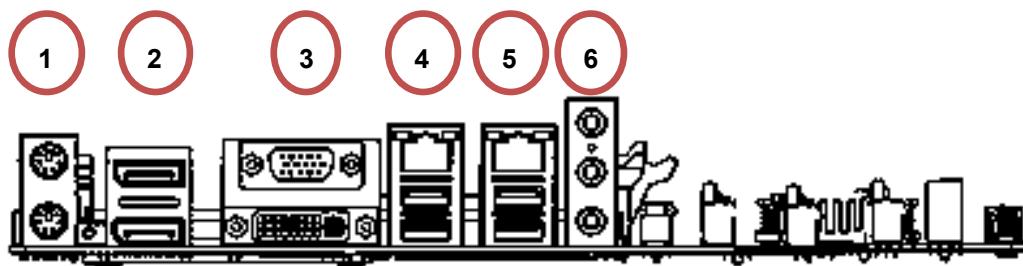


LED3: Power On LED (Green)

1.6.4 Mainboard Layout



• Back Panel:



1.6.5 Layout Content List

1.6.5.1 Slots			
Label	Function	Note	Page
DIMM1	240-pin DIMM slot 1	1. If there is only one memory module being installed in the system, install it on this slot first. 2. If there are only two memory modules being installed in the system, install these 2 modules on “DIMM1” and “DIMM3” first.	31
DIMM2	240-pin DIMM slot 2	If you have only one memory module being installed in the system, install the module on “DIMM2”	31
DIMM3	240-pin DIMM slot 3	If there are only two memory modules being installed in the system, install these 2 modules on “DIMM1” and “DIMM3” first.	31
DIMM4	240-pin DIMM slot 4		31
Slot1	PCI express x16 slot		51
Slot3	PCI express x4 slot		51
Slot2	PCI express x1 slot		51
Slot4	PCI slot		51

1.6.5.2 Internal Jumpers			
Label	Function	Note	Page
JP5	Clear CMOS	3 x 1 header, pitch 2.54mm	48
JP2, JP3, JP4	COM1 RS232/RS422/RS485 Select	3 x 2 header, pitch 2.00mm	48
COM_JP1	COM1, COM2, COM3, COM4	3 x 2 header, pitch 2.00mm	49
COM_JP2	RI/+5V/+12V Select		
COM_JP3			
COM_JP4			
COM_JP5			
COM_JP6			
AT_ATX1	AT/ATX Power Select	3 x 1 header, pitch 2.54mm	49

1.6.5.3 Internal Headers			
Label	Function	Note	Page
PWR1	ATX Power Connector	2 x 2 header	47
ATX1	ATX Power Connector	12 x 2 header	47
SATA1	Serial ATA Connectors 1~6	7-pin header	38
SATA2			
SATA3			
SATA4			
SATA5			
SATA6			
CPU_FAN (CN7)	CPU Fan Connector	4 x 1 wafer, pitch 2.54mm	28
CHA_FAN1 (CN3)	Chassis Fan Connector	4 x 1 wafer, pitch 2.54mm	39
SYS_FAN1 (CN4)	System Fan Connector	4 x 1 wafer, pitch 2.54mm	39
INTR1	Chassis Intrusion Connector	2 x 1 header, pitch 2.54mm	42
J_AUDIO1	Front Panel Audio Connector	5 x 2 header, pitch 2.54mm	43
CN14	Amplifier Connector	4 x 1 header, pitch 2.54mm	44
JUSB_1	USB 2.0 Connector	5 x 2 header, pitch 2.54mm	44
JUSB_2			
JUSB_3			
JUSB_4			
JUSB_5			
COM1	Serial Port Connector 1, 2, 3, 4,5,6	5 x 2 header, pitch 2.00mm	45
COM2			
COM3			
COM4			
COM5			
COM6			
LPT	Parallel Port Connector	13 x 2 header, pitch 2.00mm	45
FP1	System Panel Connector	5 x 2 header, pitch 2.54mm	43
CN6	Digital I/O header	10 x 2 header, pitch 2.54mm	44
CN2	SPI pin header (Factory use only)	4 x 2 header, pitch 2.54mm	44
CN1	Reserved	2 x 7 header, pitch 2.0mm	

1.6.5.4 Back Panel Connectors			
Label	Function	Note	Page
KBMS	PS/2 keyboard and mouse	6-pin Mini-Din	37
VGA/ DVI	VGA Connector x 1 DVI Connector x 1	D-sub 15-pins, female Dual Link DVI-D; 24-pins	36
DP1/ DP2	Display Port x 2 (COM1/ COM2)		3
LAN1/ LAN2	RJ-45 Ethernet Connector x 2		37
USB	USB3.0 Connector x 4		38
AUDIO	Line-in Port, Line-out Port, Microphone Port,	5.1 Channel Audio I/O (3 jacks)	36, 37

1.7 Central Processing Unit (CPU)

This mainboard supports the Intel® LGA1150 socket for 4th generation Intel® Core™ i7/i5/i3 22nm desktop processors. If you do not have the CPU cooler, consult with your dealer before turning on the system.

- Your boxed Intel® LGA1150 processor package should come with installation instructions for the CPU, fan, heatsink, and the retention assembly.
- Upon purchase of the mainboard, make sure that the PnP cap is on the socket and the socket pins are not bent. Contact your retailer immediately if the PnP cap is missing, or if you see any damage to the PnP cap/socket pins/mainboard components. BCM will shoulder the cost of repair only, if the damage is shipment/ transit-related.
- Keep the PnP cap after installing the mainboard. BCM will process Return Merchandise Authorization (RMA) requests only if the mainboard comes with the cap installed on the LGA1150 socket.
- The product warranty does not cover damage to the socket pins resulting from incorrect CPU installation/ removal, or misplacement/ loss/ incorrect removal of the PnP cap.

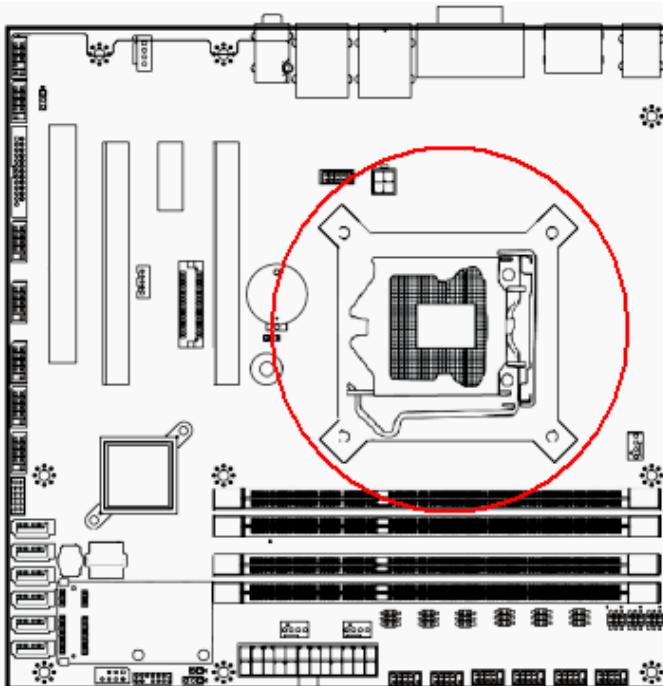


1. **Overheating:** Overheating will seriously damage the CPU and mainboard. Always make sure the cooling fan can work properly to protect the CPU from overheating.
2. **Make sure that you apply an even layer of thermal paste between the CPU and the heatsink to enhance heat dissipation.**
3. **Replacing the CPU:** While replacing the CPU, always turn off the ATX power supply or unplug the power supply's power cord from the grounded outlet first in order to prevent damage to the system.

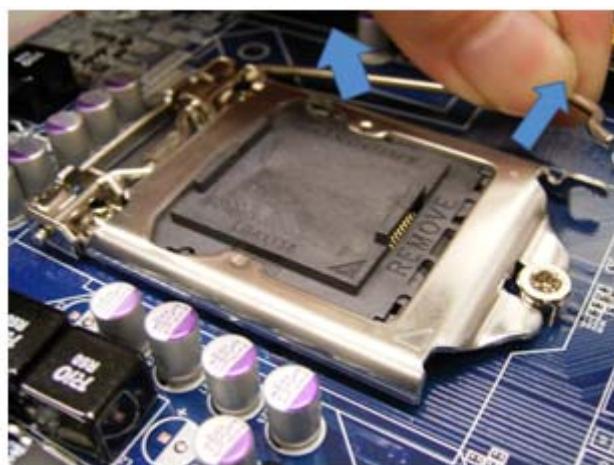
1.7.1 Installing the CPU

To install a CPU

1. Locate the CPU socket (LGA1150 Socket) on the mainboard.

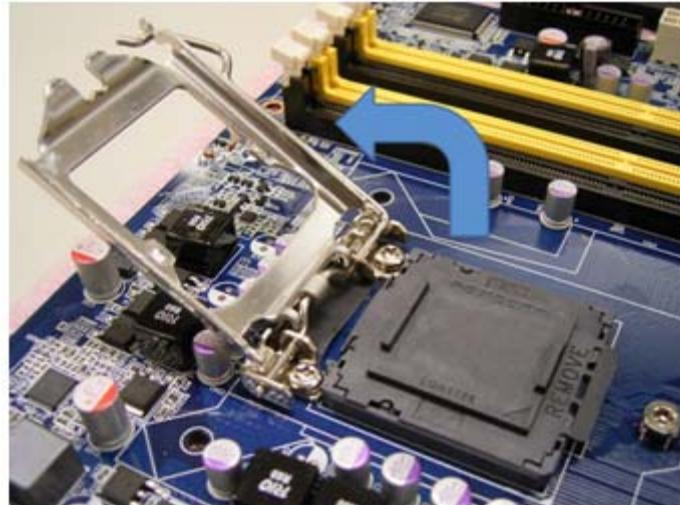


2. Unlatch the “CPU Socket Lever” by pressing the lever down and move it away from the main structure of the socket.



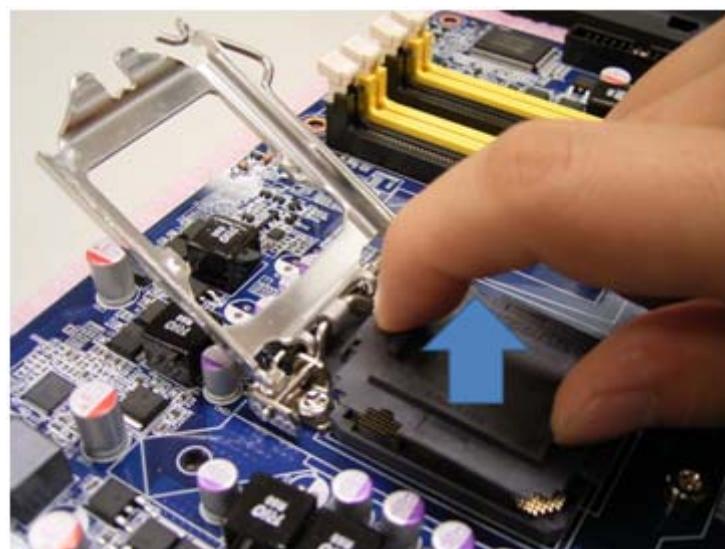
To prevent damage to the socket pins, do not remove the “CPU Socket Cover” (PnP cap) unless you are going to install a CPU.

3. Lift the load lever up in the direction of the arrow to a 135° angle, so the metal “CPU Socket Cover” can also be lifted.

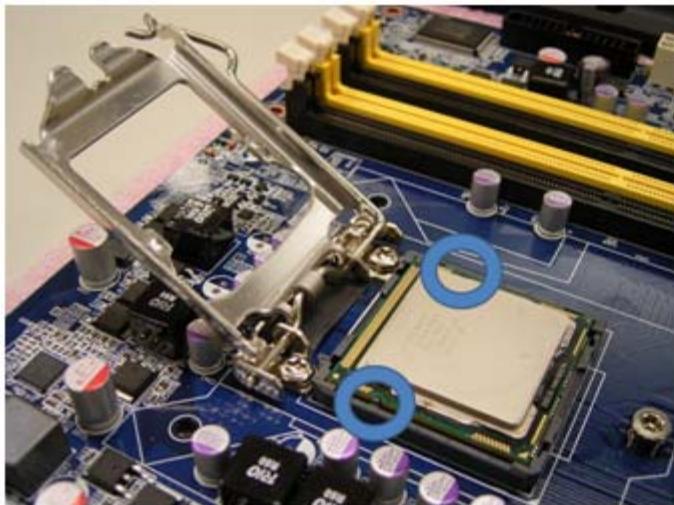


4. The CPU socket has a plastic protection cap installed on it (black color, a.k.a. “CPU Socket Cover”, or “PnP cap”) in order to protect the socket pins from damage. If you are going to install a CPU, remove the plastic protection cap away from the CPU socket by lifting it up

(NOTE: Please do not discard this plastic protection cap. Just in case if you need to RMA this board in the future, you need to install this plastic protection cap in order to protect the CPU socket)

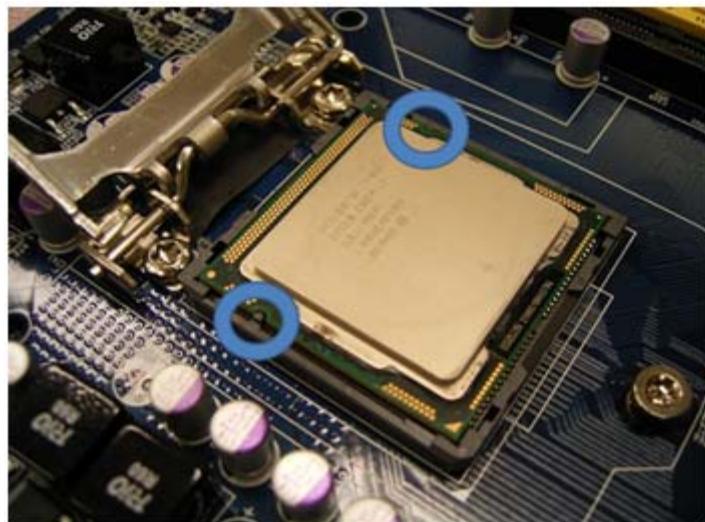


5. There are two notches on the CPU itself (one on each side), and there are two “Socket Alignment keys” on the CPU socket as well. Line up the two CPU notches with the “Socket Alignment Keys” on the socket, and insert the CPU into the CPU socket slowly.



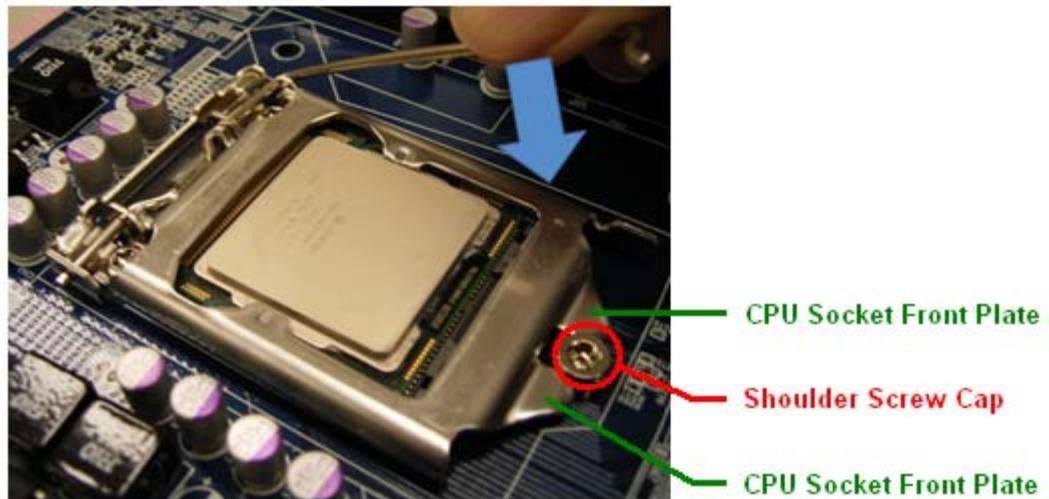
Socket Alignment Key

Visually inspect if the CPU is seated into the CPU socket evenly. The “Socket Alignment keys” should fit into the CPU notches.



To prevent CPU damage, please take precaution necessary for ESD.

6. Close the “CPU Socket Cover” by lowering down the “CPU Socket Lever”. Make sure the “CPU Socket Front Plates” are sliding underneath the “Shoulder Screw Cap”.



8. Secure the “CPU Socket Cover” by keep pressing down the “CPU Socket Lever” and move it toward and underneath the “Load Plate Tab”.



The CPU fits in only one correct orientation, DO NOT force the CPU into the socket.
Otherwise, it might damage the CPU and/or the CPU socket.

1.7.2 Installing the CPU Heatsink and Fan

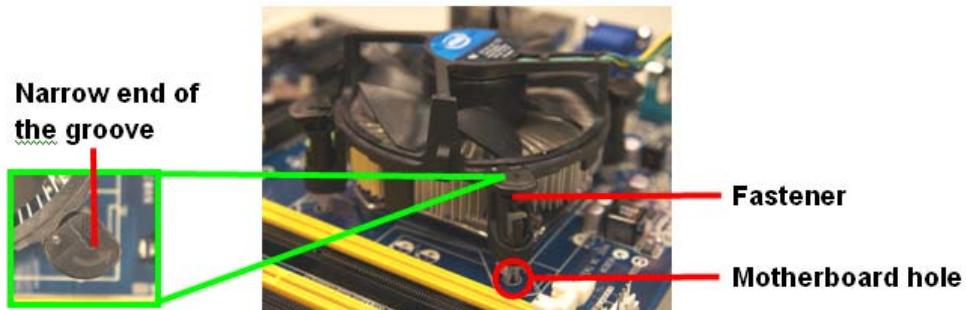
The Intel LGA1150 processor requires a specially designed heatsink and fan assembly to ensure optimum thermal condition and performance.

- When you purchase a boxed Intel® processor, the package includes the CPU fan and heatsink assembly. If you buy a CPU separately, make sure that you only use Intel®-certified multi-directional heatsink and fan.
- Your Intel® LGA1155 heatsink and fan assembly comes in a push-pin design and requires no tool to install.
- If you purchased a separate CPU heatsink and fan assembly, make sure that:
 - a. The CPU heatsink and fan assembly is designed to withstand the “TDP” (Thermal Dissipation Power) specified by Intel specification of corresponding CPU that you are going to install.
 - b. You have properly applied an even layer of “Thermal Interface Material” to between the CPU heatsink and the top of CPU before you install the heatsink and fan assembly (please check with your CPU fan/heatsink vendor for details).

NOTE: Make sure that you have installed the mainboard to the chassis before you install the CPU fan and heatsink assembly.

To install the CPU heatsink and fan:

1. Place the CPU heatsink on top of the installed CPU, make sure that the four fasteners are line-up with the four “motherboard hole” around the CPU socket.

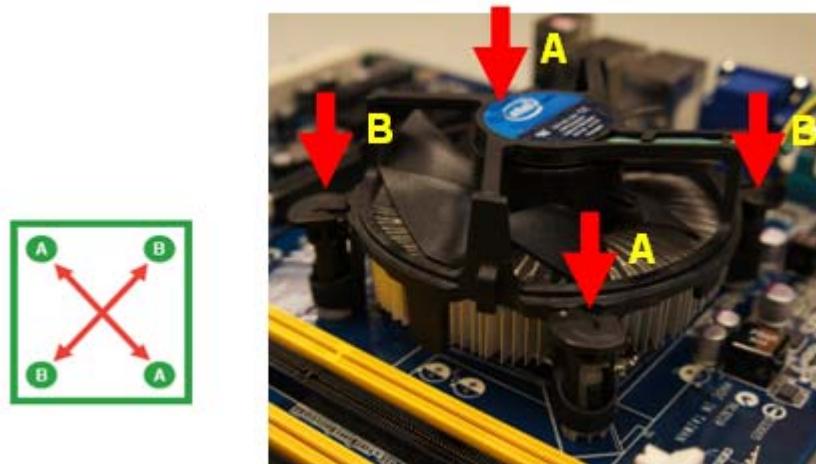


NOTE: Orient the heatsink and fan assembly so the CPU fan cable is close to the CPU fan connector).

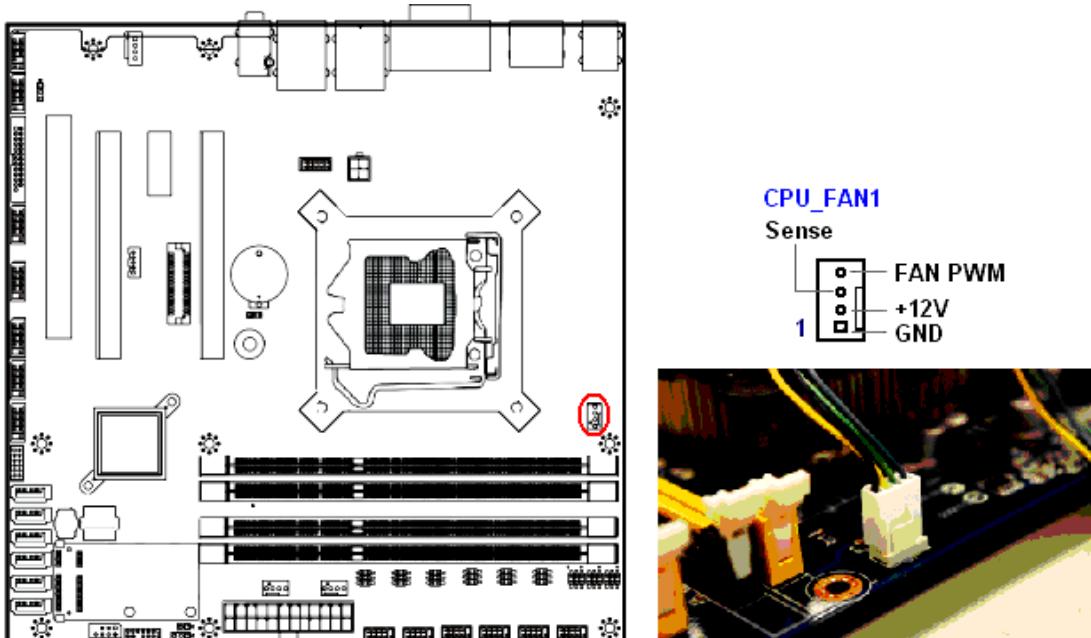


Make sure to orient each fastener with the narrow end of the groove pointing outward.
(The photo shows the groove shaded for emphasis.)

- Push down two fasteners at a time in a diagonal sequence to secure the heatsink and fan assembly in place.



- Connect the CPU fan cable to the connector on the motherboard labeled "CPU_FAN1".



- Do not forget to connect the CPU fan connector. Insufficient air flow inside the system chassis may damage the mainboard components. Hardware monitoring errors can occur if you fail to plug in this connector.**
- Do not install any pin connector on the header "CPU_FAN1", doing so may damage the mainboard.**

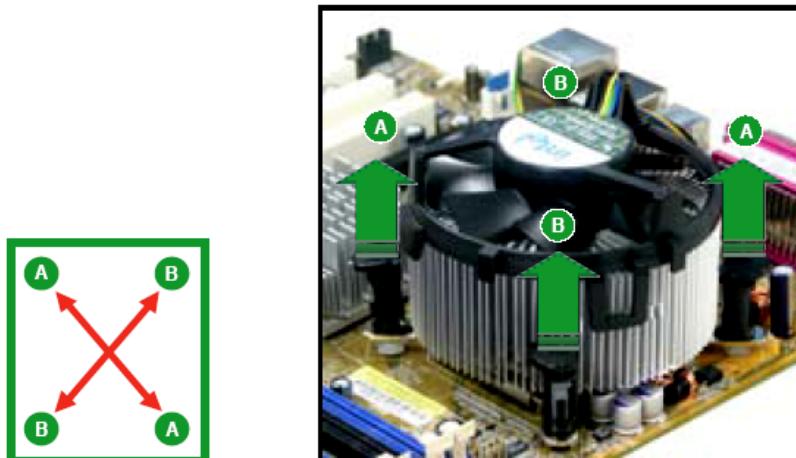
1.7.3 Uninstalling the CPU Heatsink and Fan.

To uninstall the CPU heatsink and fan:

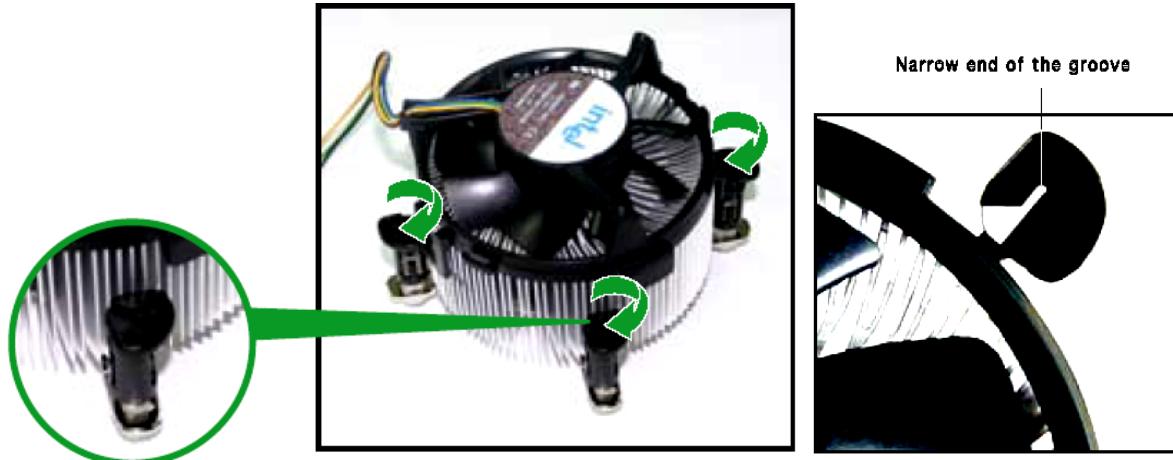
1. Disconnect the CPU fan cable from the connector on the mainboard.
2. Rotate each fastener counterclockwise.



4. Pull up two fasteners at a time in a diagonal sequence to disengage the heatsink and fan assembly from the mainboard.



5. Rotate each fastener clockwise to ensure correct orientation when reinstalling.



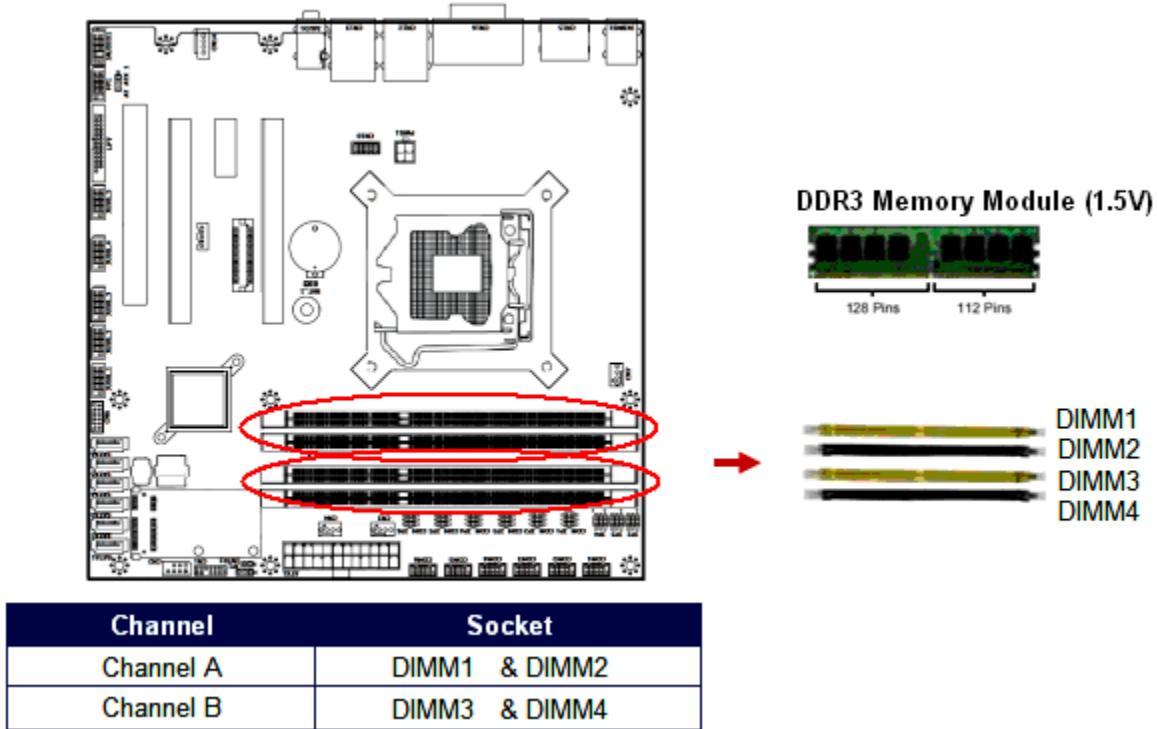
**The narrow end of the groove should point outward after resetting.
(The photo shows the groove shaded for emphasis.)**

1.8 System Memory

1.8.1 Overview

The mainboard comes with four 240-pin Double Data Rate 3 (DDR3) Dual Inline Memory Modules (DIMM) slots. **You may use 1600MHz (PC3-12800, 1333MHz (PC3-10600); Non-ECC, Un-buffered 1.5V DDR3 memory modules on this board (8GB maximum for each slot).**

DDR3 DIMMs are notched differently to prevent installation on a DDR2 DIMM socket. The following figure illustrates the location of memory slots.



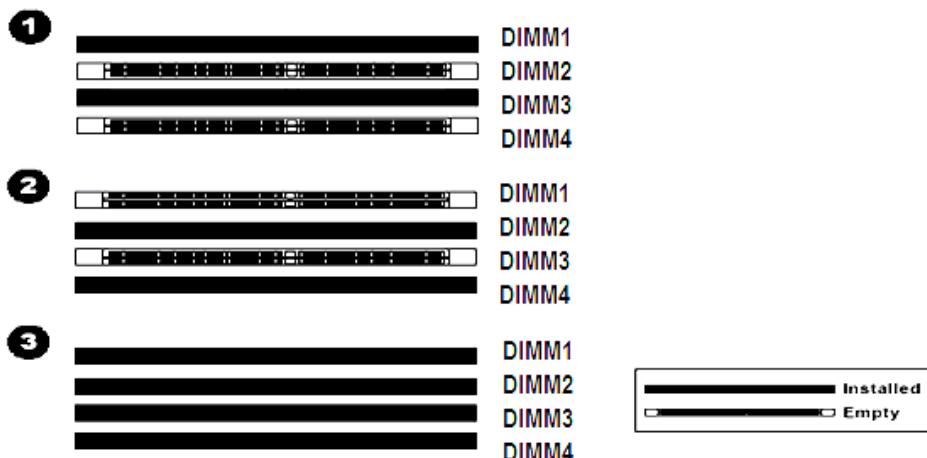
1.8.2 Configurations of Supported Memory Modules (Non-ECC, Unbuffered)

Raw Card Version	DIMM Capacity	DRAM Device Technology	DRAM Organization	# of DRAM Devices	# of Physical Devices Ranks	# of Row / Col Address Bits	# of Banks Inside DRAM	Page Size
Desktop/Server/Workstation Platforms:								
Unbuffered/Non-ECC Supported DIMM Module Configurations								
A	1 GB	1 Gb	128 MX 8	8	1	14/10	8	8K
B	2 GB	1 Gb	128 MX 8	16	2	14/10	8	8K
	4 GB	2 Gb	256 MX 8	16	2	15/10	8	8K
	4 GB	4 Gb	512 MX 8	8	1	15/10	8	8K
	8 GB	4 Gb	512 MX 8	16	2	16/10	8	8K
	Server and Workstation Platforms:							
Unbuffered/ECC Supported DIMM Module Configurations								
D	1 GB	1 Gb	128 MX 8	9	1	14/10	8	8K
	2 GB	2 Gb	256 MX 8	9	1	15/10	8	8K
E	2 GB	1 Gb	128 MX 8	18	2	14/10	8	8K
	4 GB	2 Gb	256 MX 8	18	2	15/10	8	8K
	8 GB	4 Gb	512 MX 8	18	2	16/10	8	8K

1.8.3 Dual-Channel Mode Population Rule

In Dual-Channel mode, the memory modules can transmit and receive data with two data bus lines simultaneously.

Enabling Dual-Channel mode can enhance the system performance. Please refer to the following illustrations for population rules under Dual-Channel mode.





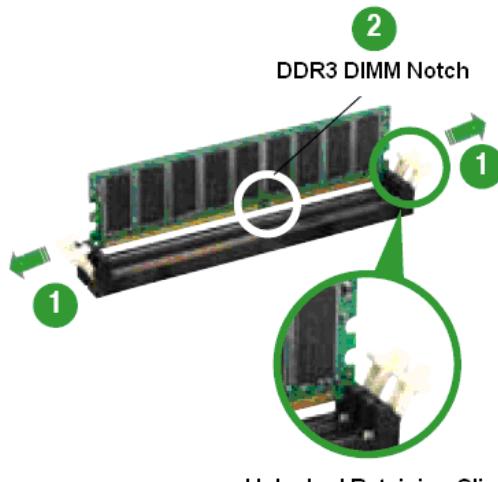
- Install at least 1GB of memory module onboard.
- When install only one DDR3 memory module, install it on “DIMM1” slot ONLY.
- When install only two DDR3 memory module, install them on “DIMM1” and “DIMM3” slots ONLY.
- In dual-channel configurations, install only identical (the same type, and size) DDR3 memory module paired for each channel. For instance, DIMM1 paired with DIMM3; DIMM2 paired with DIMM4.
- Always install DIMMs with the same CAS latency. For optimum compatibility, it is recommended that you obtain the exact same model of memory modules from the same vendor.

1.8.4 Installing DIMM

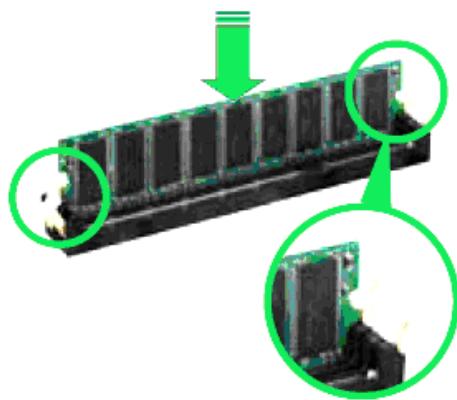


Make sure to unplug the power supply before adding or removing DIMMS or other peripherals from the system. Failure to do so may cause severe damage to both the mainboard and the peripherals.

1. Unlock a DIMM socket by pressing the retaining clips outward.
2. Align a DIMM on the socket such that the notch on the DIMM matches the break on the socket.



3. Firmly insert the DIMM into the socket until the retaining clips snap back in place and the DIMM is properly seated.



Locked Retaining Clip

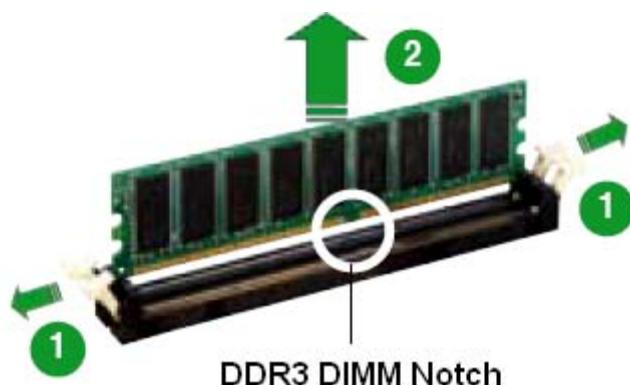


1. A DDR3 memory module is keyed with a notch so that it fits in only one direction.
2. DO NOT force the memory module into the socket in order to avoid damaging the memory module and the slot.
3. DDR3 memory modules are not interchangeable with DDR or DDR2.
4. DDR3 standard IS NOT backward compatible. You shall only install the DDR3 memory modules on this mainboard.
5. To enable the system boot-up successfully, always install the memory module into the DMM1 slot first.

1.8.5 Removing DIMM

Follow these steps to remove a DIMM.

1. Simultaneously press the retaining clips outward to unlock the DIMM.



2. Remove the DIMM from the socket.

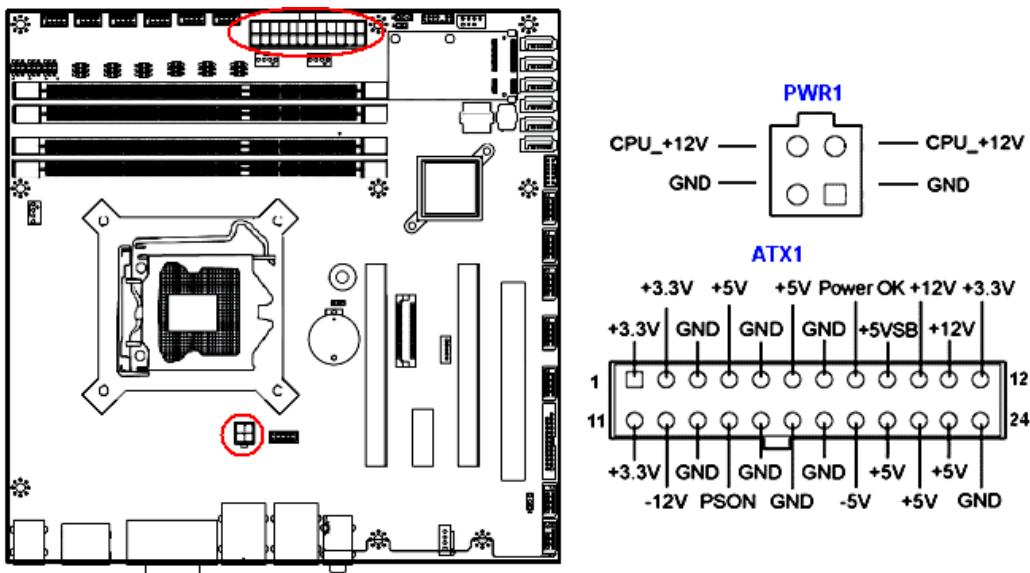
1.9 Power Supply

1.9.1 ATX Power Connectors: ATX1, PWR1

These ATX power connectors provide connections from power supply unit (PSU) to the mainboard.

Both connectors need to be installed in order for the mainboard to function properly. The power supply plugs are designed to fit with these ATX power connectors in one orientation only. To connect these power supply plugs; find the proper orientation first, and then push down the power supply plugs firmly until the connectors are completely fit.

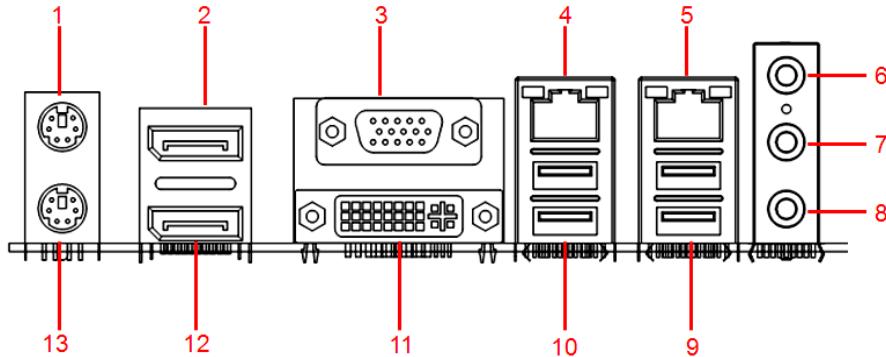
If you'd like to use the 20-pin ATX power supply, please align the 20-pin power connector from PSU to pin 1 & pin 13 of "ATX1". There is also a foolproof design on pin 11, 12, 23, & 24 to avoid wrong installation.

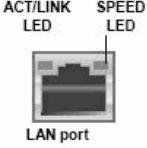


1. It is recommended that you use a power supply unit (PSU) that complies with ATX 12V specification 2.0 (or later version) and provides a minimum power of 500W. If you are planning to fully load the slots and/or use a PCI-E x16 graphic card, a power supply with minimum power of 600W or more might be needed.
2. Do not forget to connect the 4-pin "PWR" power plug; otherwise, the system will not boot.
3. Use of a PSU with a higher power output is recommended when configuring a system with more power-consuming devices. The system may become unstable or may not boot if the power supply is inadequate.

1.10 Back Panel

1.10.1 Back Panel Connectors



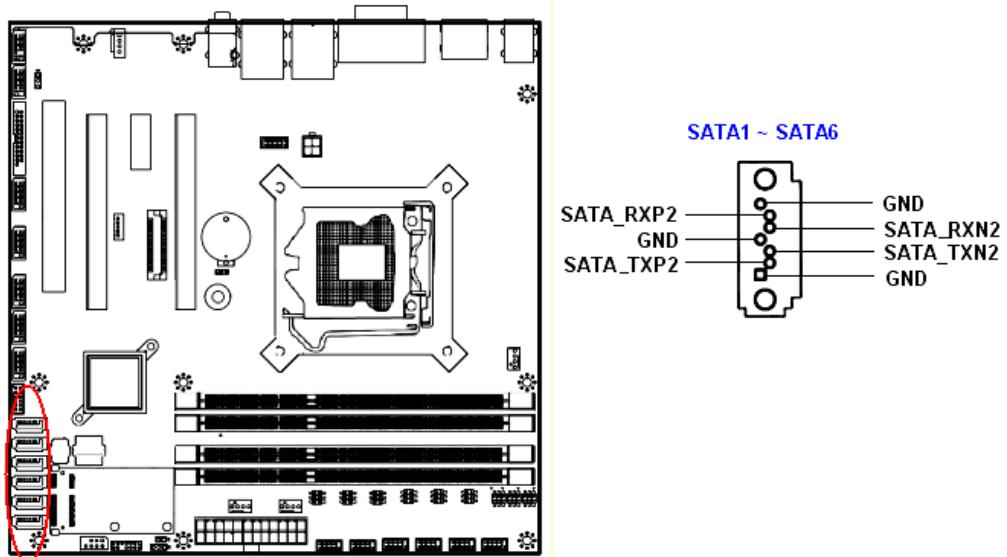
Item	Name	Function	Description																				
1	KBMS	PS/2 Mouse Connector	The port is for a PS/2 mouse.																				
2	DP2	Display Port 2	Provides “displayport” type connection to monitor.																				
3	VGA	VGA Video Port	The VGA15-pin Connector.																				
4/5	LAN1/ LAN2	Gigabit LAN (RJ-45) Connectors	This port allows Gigabit connection to a Local Area Network (LAN) through a network hub. Refer to the table below for the LAN port LED indications.  <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="2">ACT/Link LED</th> <th colspan="2">Speed LED</th> </tr> <tr> <th>Status</th> <th>Description</th> <th>Status</th> <th>Description</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>OFF</td> <td>No link</td> <td>OFF</td> <td>10Mbps connection</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Orange</td> <td>Linked</td> <td>Orange</td> <td>100Mbps connection</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Blinking</td> <td>Data activity</td> <td>Green</td> <td>1Gbps connection</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	ACT/Link LED		Speed LED		Status	Description	Status	Description	OFF	No link	OFF	10Mbps connection	Orange	Linked	Orange	100Mbps connection	Blinking	Data activity	Green	1Gbps connection
ACT/Link LED		Speed LED																					
Status	Description	Status	Description																				
OFF	No link	OFF	10Mbps connection																				
Orange	Linked	Orange	100Mbps connection																				
Blinking	Data activity	Green	1Gbps connection																				
6	AUDIO	Line-in port (Light blue)	This port connects a tape, CD, DVD player, or other audio sources.																				
7	AUDIO	Line-out port (Lime)	This port connects a headphone or a speaker. In 4-channel, 6-channel, and 8-channel configuration, the function of this port becomes Front Speaker																				

			Out.
8	AUDIO	Microphone port (Pink)	This port connects a microphone.
9	USB	USB 3.0 Connectors	These two 4-pin Universal Serial Bus (USB) ports are available for connecting USB 3.0/ 2.0 devices.
10	USB	USB 3.0 Connectors	These two 4-pin Universal Serial Bus (USB) ports are available for connecting USB 3.0/ 2.0 devices.
11	DVI	DVI Video Port	DVI-D 24-Pin Connector.
12	DP1	Display Port 1	Provides “DisplayPort” type connection to monitor.
13	KBMS	PS/2 Keyboard Connector	This port is for a PS/2 keyboard.

1.11 Connectors/ Headers

1.11.1 Serial ATA Connectors: SATA3.0: SATA3, SATA4, SATA5, SATA6

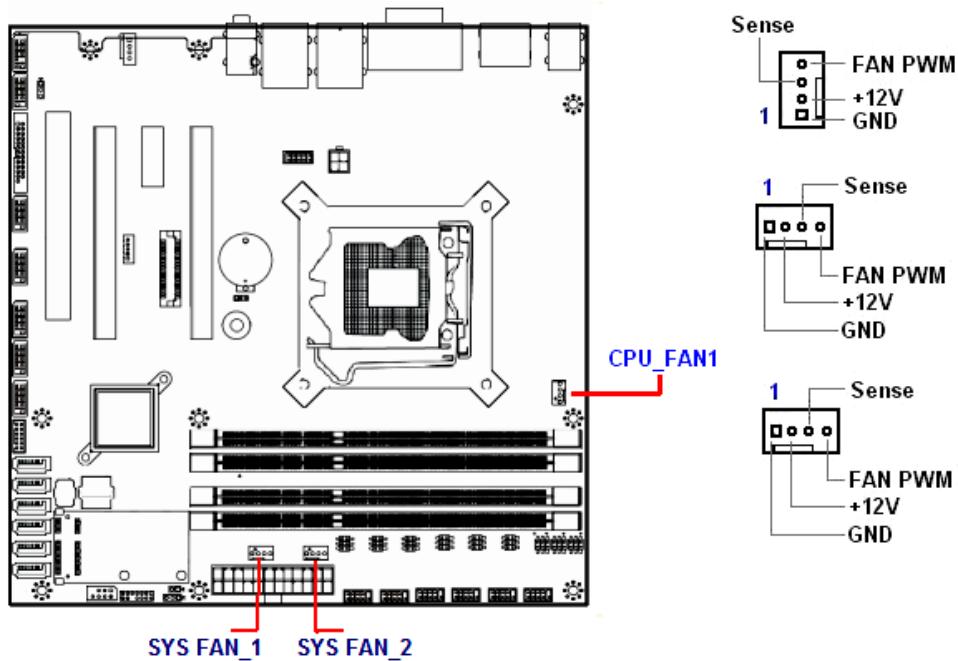
SATA3.0 standard, which is backward compatible with SATA2.0



Please do not fold the Serial ATA cable into 90-degree angle. Otherwise, data loss may occur during data transmission.

1.11.2 Fan Power Connectors: CN7, CN3, CN4

The fan power connectors support system cooling fan with +12V. When connecting the wire to these fan connectors, please note that the red wire is designated as “Power” and should be connected to “+12V” pin; the black wire is designated as “Ground” and should be connected to “GND”. In order to take the advantage of System Hardware Monitor, be sure to use the fan which is specifically designed with speed sensor.

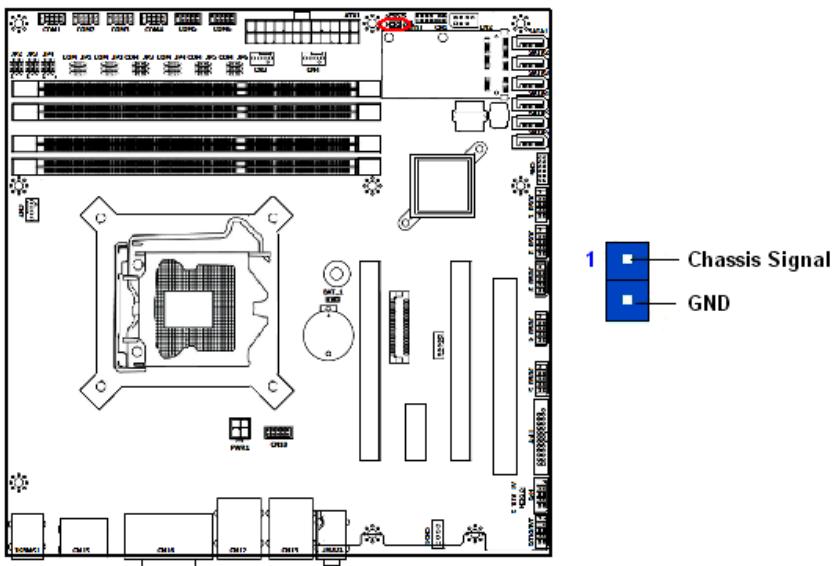


Please refer to the recommended CPU fans at processor's official website or consult with the vendor for proper CPU cooling fan.

1.11.3 Chassis Intrusion Switch Connector: INTR1

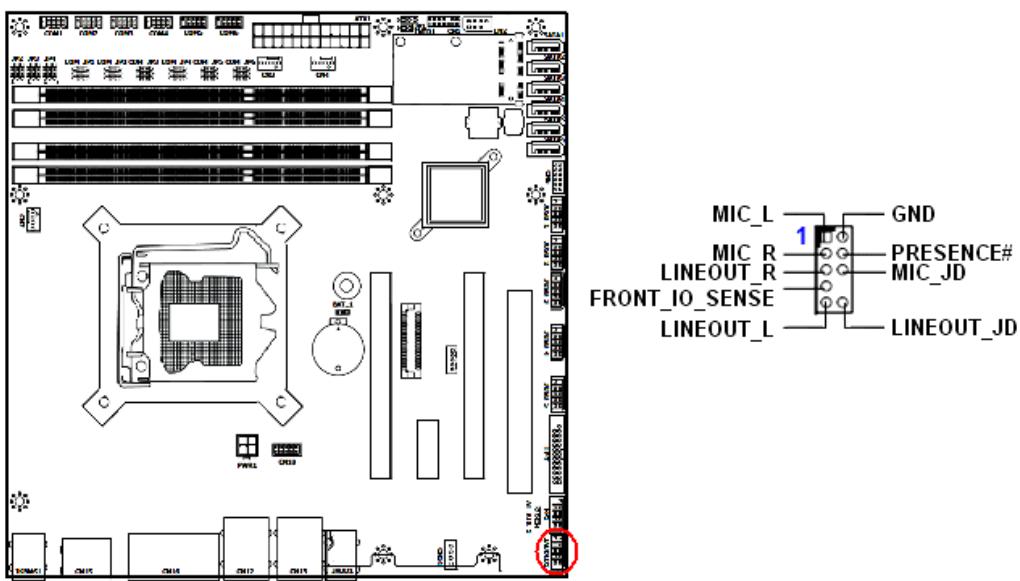
This connector connects to a 2-pin chassis switch. If the chassis is opened, the switch will be short. The system will record this status and show a warning message on the screen.

To clear the warning message, you must enter the BIOS and clear the record.



1.11.4 Front Panel Audio Connector: J_AUDIO1

This connector allows you to connect the front panel audio and is compliant with Intel® Front Panel I/O Connectivity Design Guide.

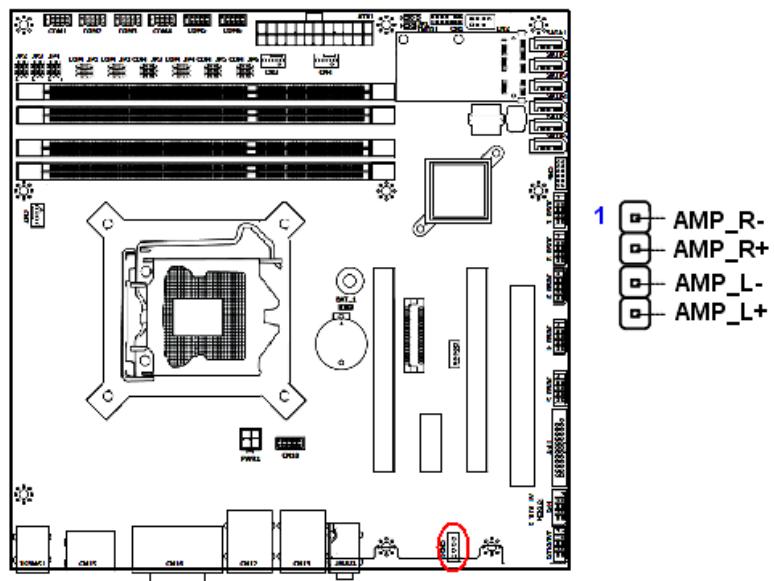


HD Audio Pin Definition

PIN	SIGNAL	DESCRIPTION
1	MIC_L	Microphone - Left channel
2	GND	Ground
3	MIC_R	Microphone - Right channel
4	PRESENCE#	Active low signal-signals BIOS that a High Definition Audio dongle is connected to the analog header. PRESENCE# = 0 when a High Definition Audio dongle is connected
5	LINE out_R	Analog Port - Right channel
6	MIC_JD	Jack detection return from front panel microphone JACK1
7	Front_JD	Jack detection sense line from the High Definition Audio CODEC jack detection resistor network
8	NC	No control
9	LINEout_L	Analog Port - Left channel
10	LINEout_JD	Jack detection return from frontpanel JACK2

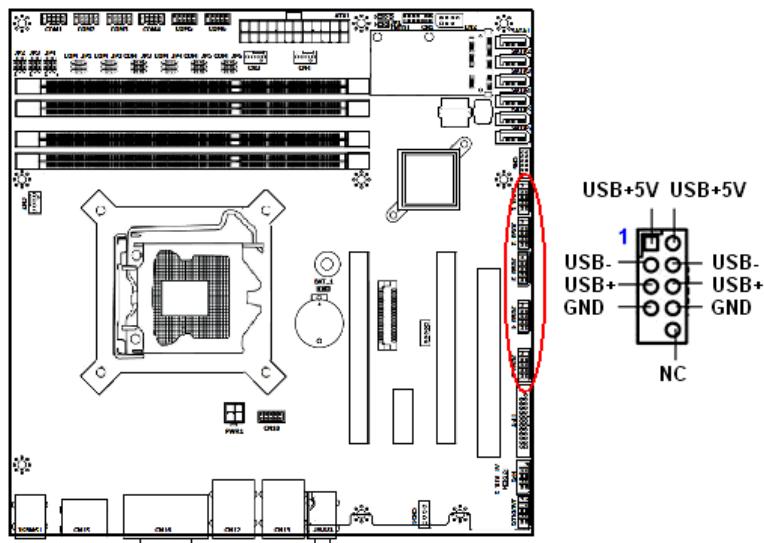
1.11.5 Amplifier Connector: CN14

This header provided amplified audio signals to external speakers (2-channels). The dB level can be adjusted under BIOS.



1.11.6 Front USB2.0 Headers: JUSB1, JUSB2, JUSB3, JUSB4, JUSB5

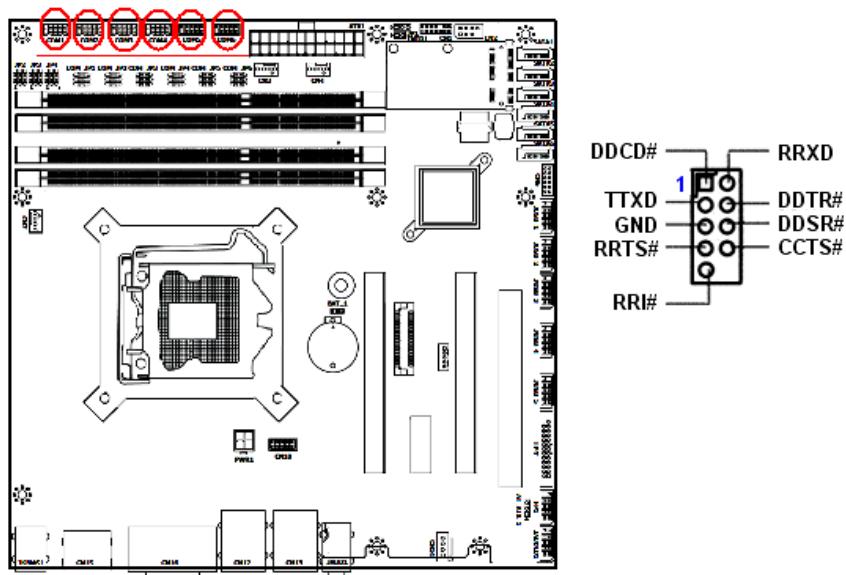
This connector is compliant with Intel® I/O Connectivity Design Guide, which is ideal for connecting high-speed USB peripherals such as USB HDD, USB digital cameras, USB MP3 players, USB printers, etc.



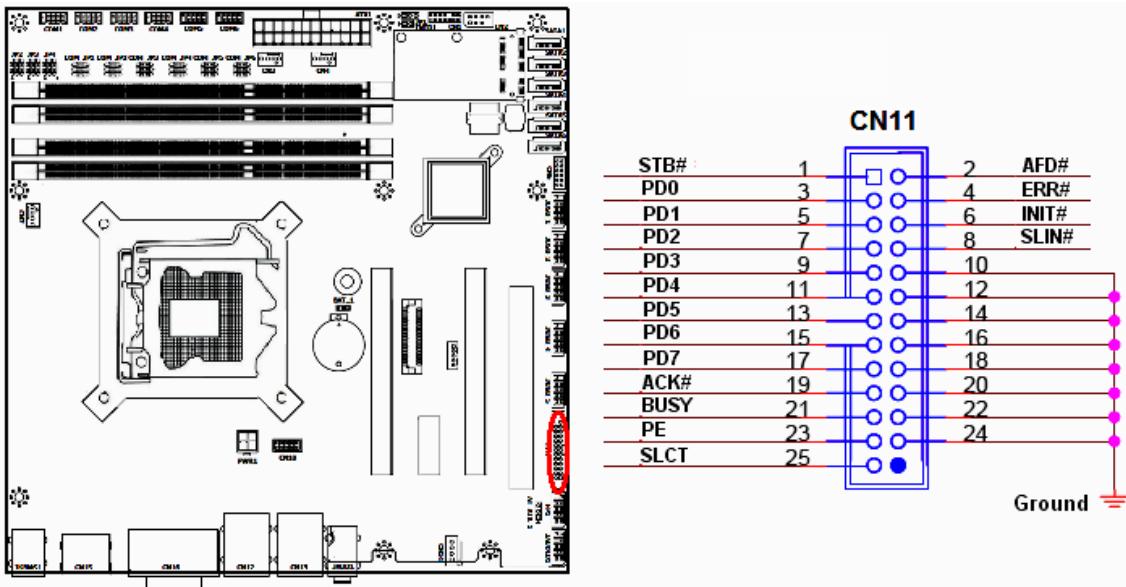
Be sure the pins of VCC and GND is connected to the connector correctly. Otherwise, it may cause damage to the USB port and/or the connected USB device.

1.11.7 Serial Port Connectors: COM1, COM2, COM3, COM4, COM5, COM6

This connector is a 16550A high speed communication port that sends/receives 16 byte FIFOs.

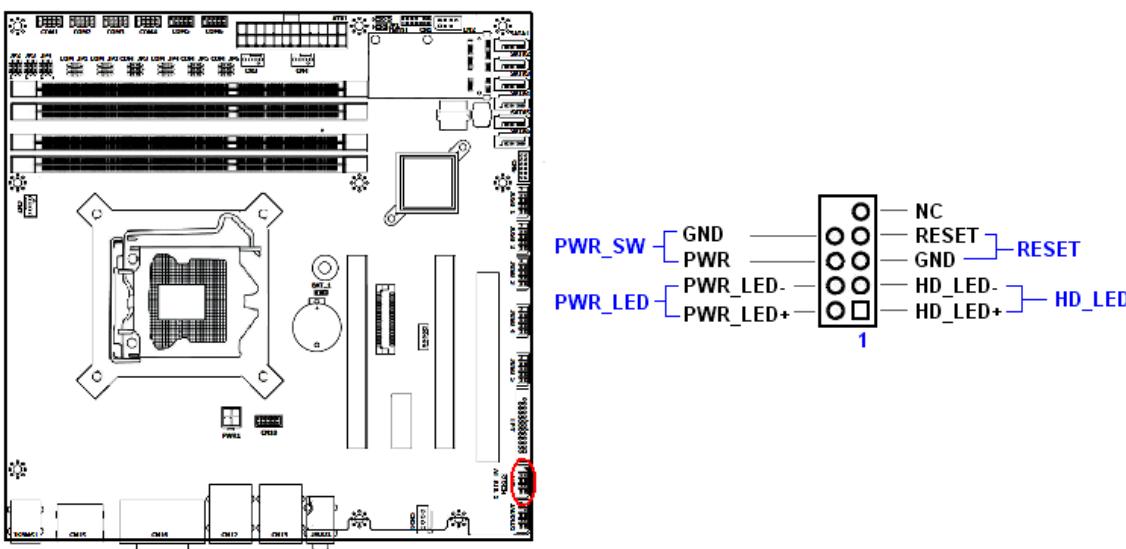


1.11.8 LPT Port Connector: CN11



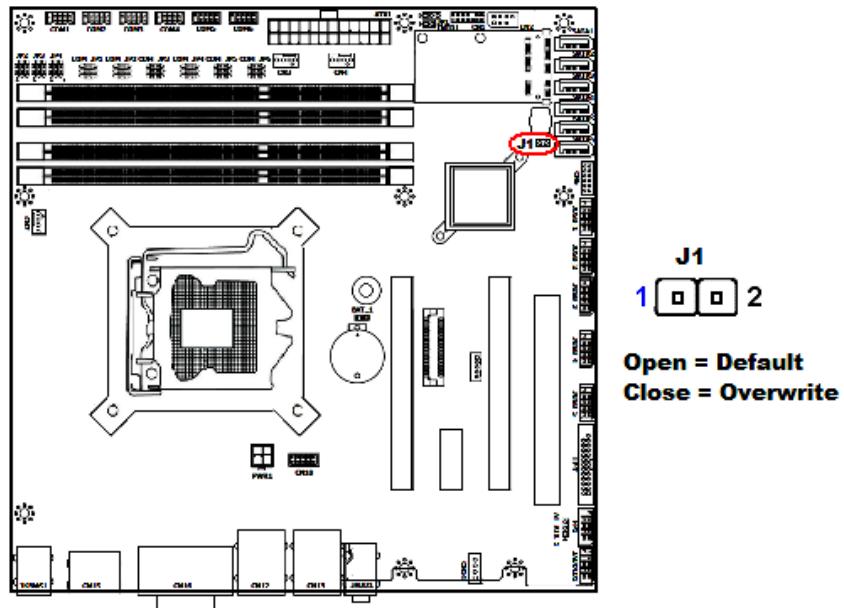
1.11.9 Front Panel Connectors: FP_1

These connectors are for electrical connections to the front panel switches and LEDs. The “F_PANEL1” connector is compliant with Intel® Front Panel I/O Connectivity Design Guide.



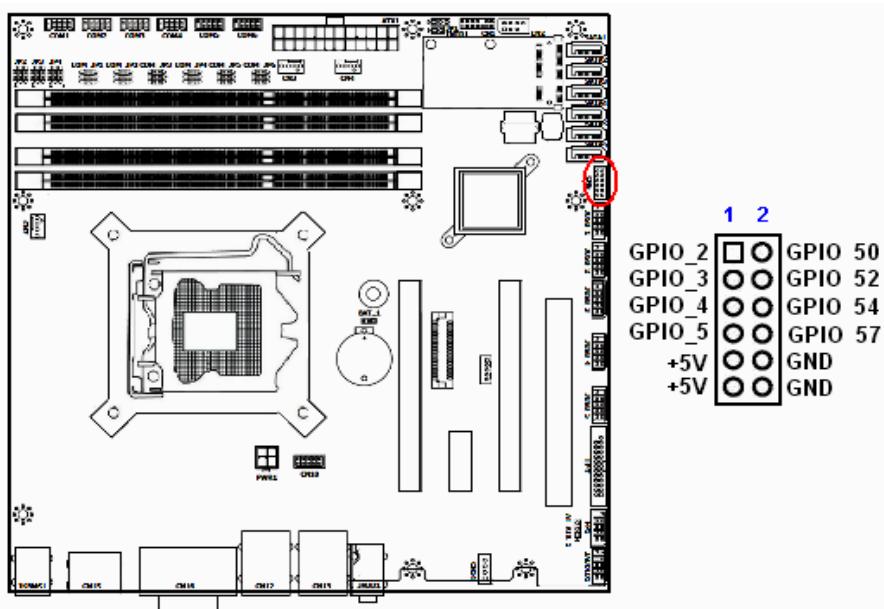
1.11.10 ME Lock Overwrite: J1

The “ME Lock Overwrite” header provides an option to program the entire BIOS even when the ME region had ME lock applied during board manufacturing to prevent unintentionally write to BIOS ME region, ME lock is recommended by Intel for system manufacture.



1.11.11 Digital I/O Connector: CN6

This header provides connections to GPIO ports.



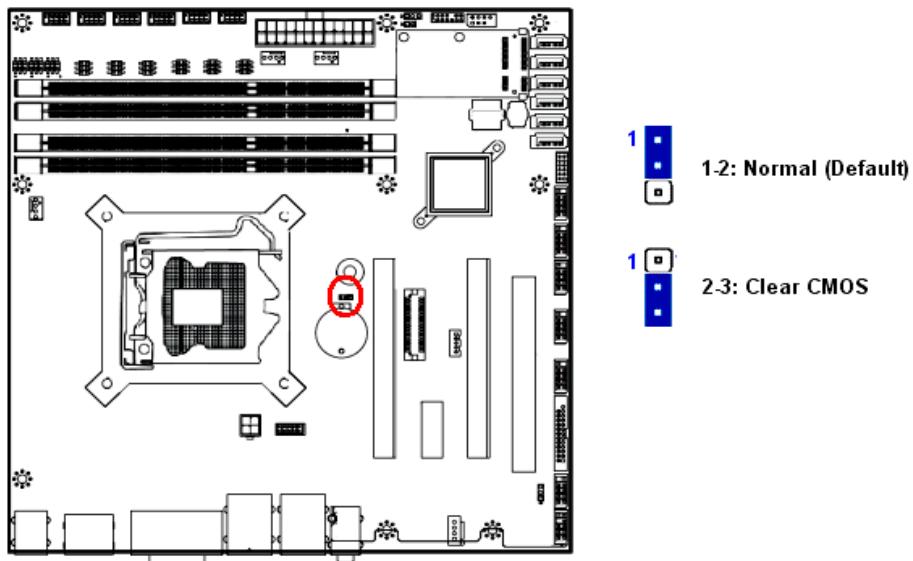
1.12 Jumpers

1.12.1 Clear CMOS Jumper: JP5

There is a CMOS RAM onboard that has a power supply from an external battery to keep the data of system configuration.

For normal state (default), the jumper is set on pin location 1 and 2.

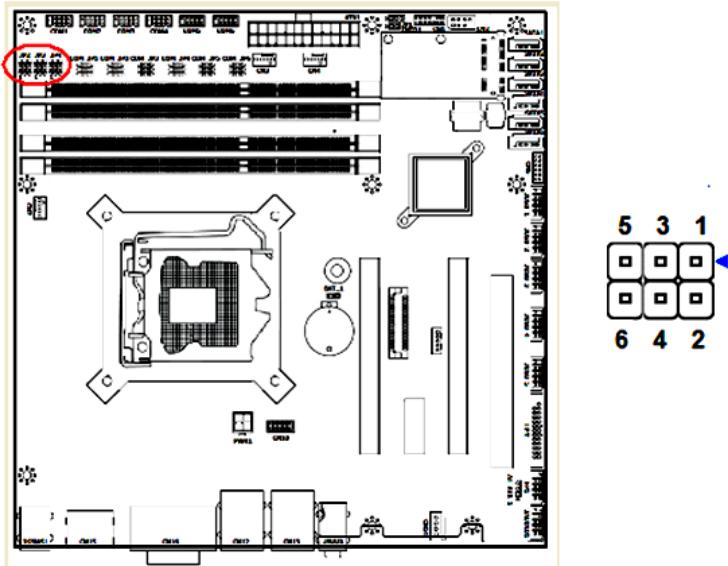
To clear the CMOS, set the jumper to pin location 2 and 3 for at least 30 seconds while the system is off.



1. You can clear CMOS by shorting pin 2-3 for at least 30 seconds (while the system is OFF), then place the jumper back to pin 1-2 for normal operation.
2. Avoid clearing the CMOS while the system is ON; this will damage the mainboard.

1.12.2 COM1 RS232/ RS422/ RS485 Select: JP2, JP3, JP4

These jumpers provide combinations for RS232 (default), or RS422, or RS485 transfer mode on COM1 (rear I/O).

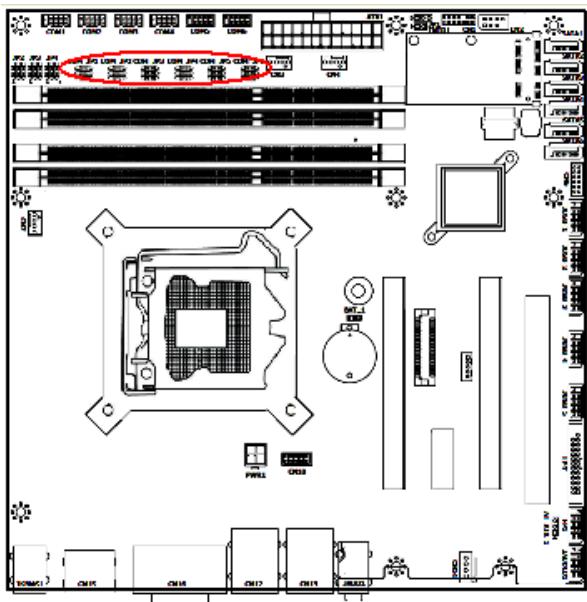


COM1 RS232/ RS422/ RS485			
Settings			
Function	JP2	JP3	JP4
RS232 (Default)	1-3 2-4	1-3 2-4	1-2
RS422	3-5 4-6	3-5 4-6	3-4
RS485	3-5 4-6	3-5 4-6	5-6

1.12.3 COM1, COM2, COM3, COM4, COM5 and COM6 Ring-in/ +12V/ +5V

Power Select: Com_JP1, COM_JP2, COM_JP3, COM_JP4, COM_JP5, COM_JP6

These headers provide ring-in, or 5V, or 12V on the com ports.

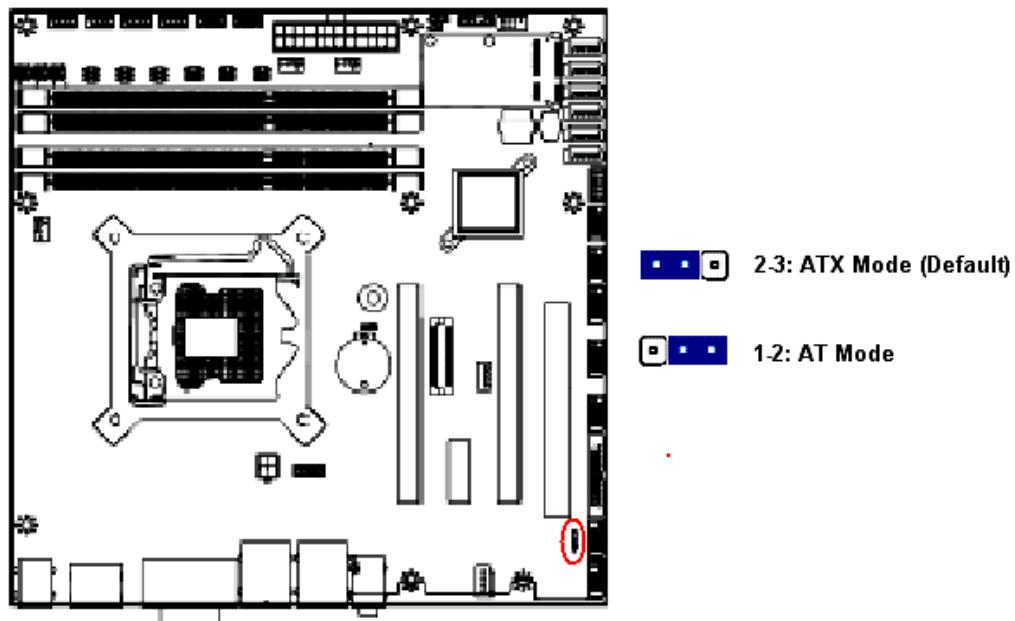


1	2	
5	6	RI (Default)
1	2	+5V
5	6	
1	2	+12V
5	6	

1.12.4 ATX/AT Mode Selection: AT_ATX_1

This header provides the option to boot the system in the form of ATX mode (default) or AT mode.

When the system is set in AT mode, the system power on/off will be controlled directly by the power switch on power supply. And some of the power saving modes will not function as ATX mode provided.



1.13 The Expansion Slots

In the future, you may need to install expansion cards. The following sub-sections describe the expansion slots and the expansion cards that they support.



Make sure to unplug the power cord before adding or removing expansion cards.

Failure to do so may cause you physical injury and damage mainrboard components.

1.13.1 Installation of Expansion Card

To install an expansion Card:

1. Before install the expansion card, read the documentation that came with it and make the necessary hardware setting for the card.
2. Remove the chassis cover (if the mainboard is installed in a chassis).
3. Remove the expansion slot bracket from the chassis on the slot that you intend to use. Keep the screw for later use.
4. Align the card connector with the slot and press it firmly until the card is completely seated on the slot.
5. Secure the card to the chassis with the screw that have been removed earlier (in step 3).
6. Place the chassis cover back on.

1.13.2 Setup An Expansion Card

After installing the expansion card, configure it by adjusting the software settings.

1. Turn on the system and change the BIOS settings if necessary. See Chapter 2 for information on BIOS setup.
2. Install the software drivers for the expansion card.

1.13.3 PCI (Peripheral Component Interconnect) Express Slot

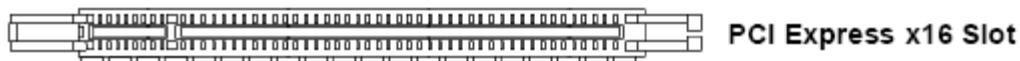
The PCI Express slot supports the PCI Express interface expansion card.

- The PCI Express x16 (PCI-E x16) supports up to 4.0GB/s transfer rate.

- The PCI Express x8 (PCI-E x8) supports up to 2.0GB/s transfer rate.
- The PCI Express x4 (PCI-E x4) supports up to 1.0GB/s transfer rate.
- The PCI Express x1 (PCI-E x1) supports up to 250MB/s transfer rate.

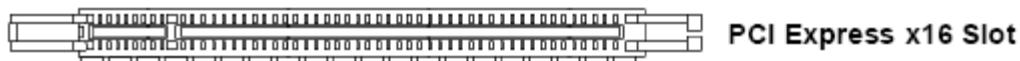
1.13.3.1 PCI-E x 16 Slot: SLOT1

The PCIEX16 slot supports PCI-E x16 graphic card.



1.13.3.2 PCI-E x 4 Slot: SLOT3

The PCIE X 4 slots supports PCI-E transfer rate **up to 4x ONLY (Yellow slot)**.



1.13.3.3 PCI-E x1 Slot: SLOT2

This slot supports PCI-E x1 cards.



1.13.3.4 PCI Slots: SLOT4

The PCI slot supports LAN card, SCSI card, USB card, and other add-on cards that comply with PCI specifications.



1. When adding or removing expansion cards, make sure the system power is OFF.
2. After the card is installed on the system, make the adjustments under system BIOS if necessary, then install the card driver provided by the card vendor under system OS.
3. When using PCI cards on shared slots, ensure that the card driver support “Share IRQ” or the PCI cards do not need IRQ assignments. Otherwise, conflicts will arise between the two PCI groups; marking the system unstable and the card inoperable.

Chapter 2: Starting Up the System

2 Starting Up Your System

1. After all connections are made, close your computer case cover.
2. Be sure all the switches are off, and check that the power supply input voltage is set to the local voltage, usually in-put voltage is 220V~240V or 110V~120V depending on your country's voltage used.
3. Connect the power supply cord into the power supply located on the back of your system case according to your system user's manual.
4. Turn on your peripheral in following order:
 - a. Your monitor.
 - b. Other external peripheral (Printer, Scanner, External Modem etc...)
 - c. Your system power. For ATX power supplies, you need to turn on the power supply and press the ATX power switch on the front side of the case.
5. The power LED on the front panel of the system case will light. The LED on the monitor may light up or switch between orange and green after the system is on. If it complies with green standards or if it has a power standby feature. The system will then run power-on test. While the test are running, the BIOS will alarm beeps or additional message will appear on the screen.

If you do not see any thing within 30 seconds from the time you turn on the power. The system may have failed on power-on test. Recheck your jumper settings and connections or call your retailer for assistance.

Beep	Meaning
One short beep when displaying logo	No error during POST
Long beeps in an endless loop	No DRAM install or detected
One long beep followed by three short beeps	Video card not found or video card memory bad
High frequency beeps when system is working	CPU overheated System running at a lower frequency

6. During power-on, press key to enter BIOS setup. Follow the instructions in BIOS SETUP.

7. If you wish to boot from a different bootable device other than the default arrangement under the BIOS, you may press <F11> key during the system power-on (post); a menu with all detected bootable devices which are attached to the system will be displayed. Then you may select the desired first bootable device from this menu.
8. **Power off your computer:** You must first exit or shut down your operating system before switch off the power switch. For ATX power supply, you can press ATX power switching after exiting or shutting down your operating system. If you use Windows Operating Systems, click “**Start**” button, click “**Shut down**” and then click “**Shut down the computer**” The power supply should turn off after windows shut down.

Chapter 3: BIOS SETUP Option User Guide

3 BIOS Setup Program

This motherboard supports a programmable firmware chip that you can update using the provided utility. Use the BIOS Setup program when you are installing a motherboard, reconfiguring your system, or prompted to “Run Setup.” This section explains how to configure your system using this utility.

Even if you are not prompted to use the Setup program, you can change the configuration of your computer in the future. For example, you can enable the security password feature or change the power management settings. This requires you to reconfigure your system using the BIOS Setup program so that the computer can recognize these changes and record them in the CMOS RAM of the firmware hub.

The firmware hub on the motherboard stores the Setup utility. When you start up the computer, the system provides you with the opportunity to run this program. Press **** during the Power-On-Self-Test (POST) to enter the Setup utility; otherwise, POST continues with its test routines.

If you wish to enter Setup after POST, restart the system by pressing **<Ctrl+Alt+Delete>**, or by pressing the reset button on the system chassis. You can also restart by turning the system off and then back on. Do this last option only if the first two failed.

The Setup program is designed to make it as easy to use as possible. Being a menu-driven program, it lets you scroll through the various sub-menus and make your selections from the available options using the navigation keys.



- The default BIOS settings for this motherboard apply for most conditions to ensure optimum performance. If the system becomes unstable after changing any BIOS settings, load the default settings to ensure system compatibility and stability. Select the **Load Optimized Defaults** from the BIOS menu screen.
- The BIOS setup screens shown in this section are for reference

- purposes only, and may not exactly match what you see on your screen.
- Visit the system builder's website to download the latest BIOS file for this motherboard

3.1 Legend Box

The keys in the legend bar allow you to navigate through the various setup menus

Key(s)	Function Description
←	Select Screen
↑↓	Select Item
Enter	Select
+ -	Change Option
F1	General Help
F2	Previous Values
F3	Optimized Defaults
F4	Save and Exit
ESC	Exit

3.1.1 List Box

This box appears only in the opening screen. The box displays an initial list of configurable items in the menu you selected.

3.1.2 Sub-menu

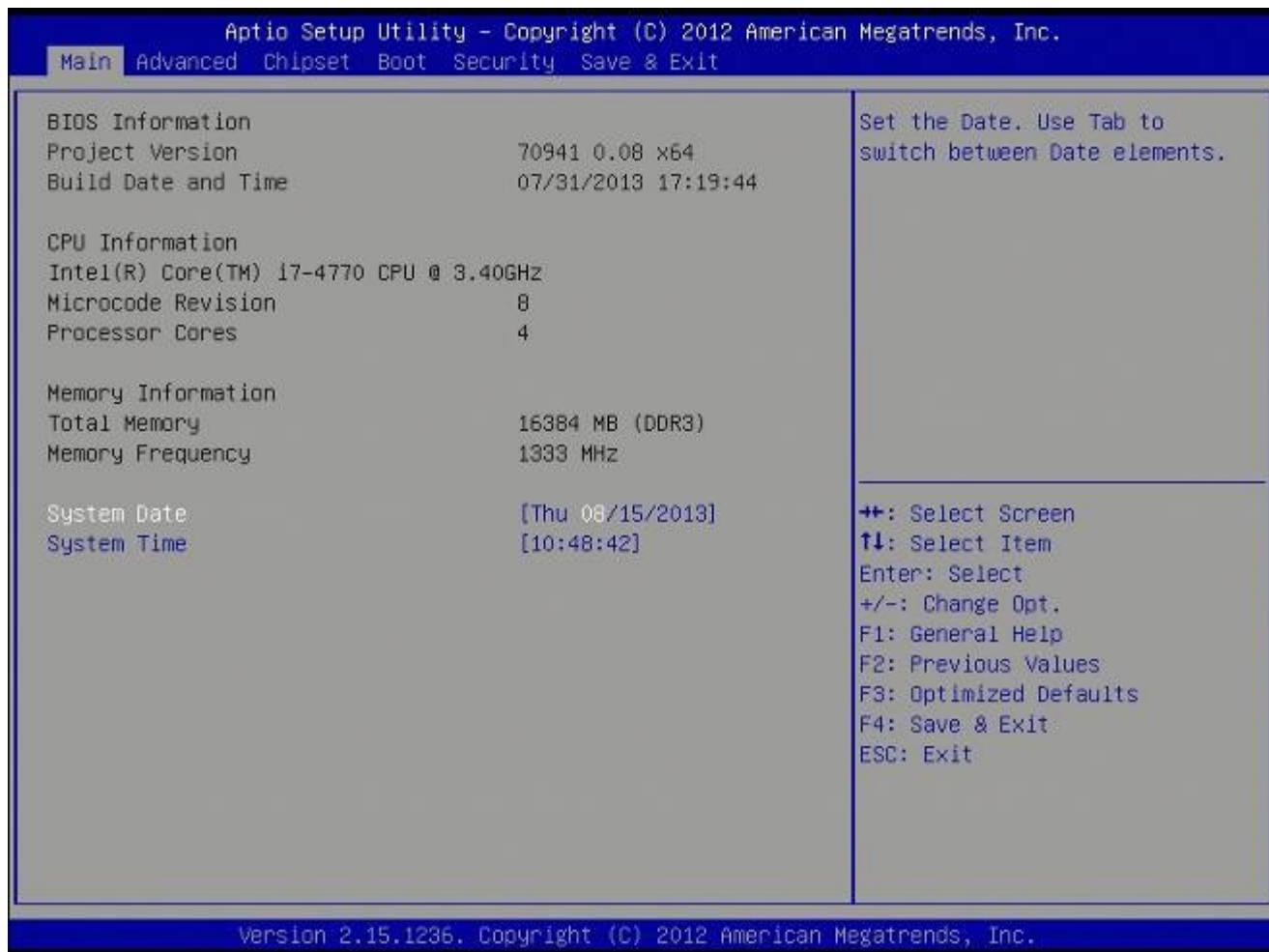
Note that a right pointer symbol (▶) appears to the left of certain fields. This pointer indicates that you can display a sub-menu from this field. A sub-menu contains additional options for a field parameter. To display a sub-menu, move the highlight to the field and press <Enter>. The sub-menu appears. Use the legend keys to enter values and move from field to field within a sub-menu as you would within a menu. Use the <Esc> key to return to the main menu.

Take some time to familiarize yourself with the legend keys and their corresponding functions. Practice navigating through the various menus and submenus. If you

accidentally make unwanted changes to any of the fields, press <F9> to load the optimal default values. While moving around through the Setup program, note that explanations appear in the Item Specific Help window located to the right of each menu. This window displays the help text for the currently highlighted field.

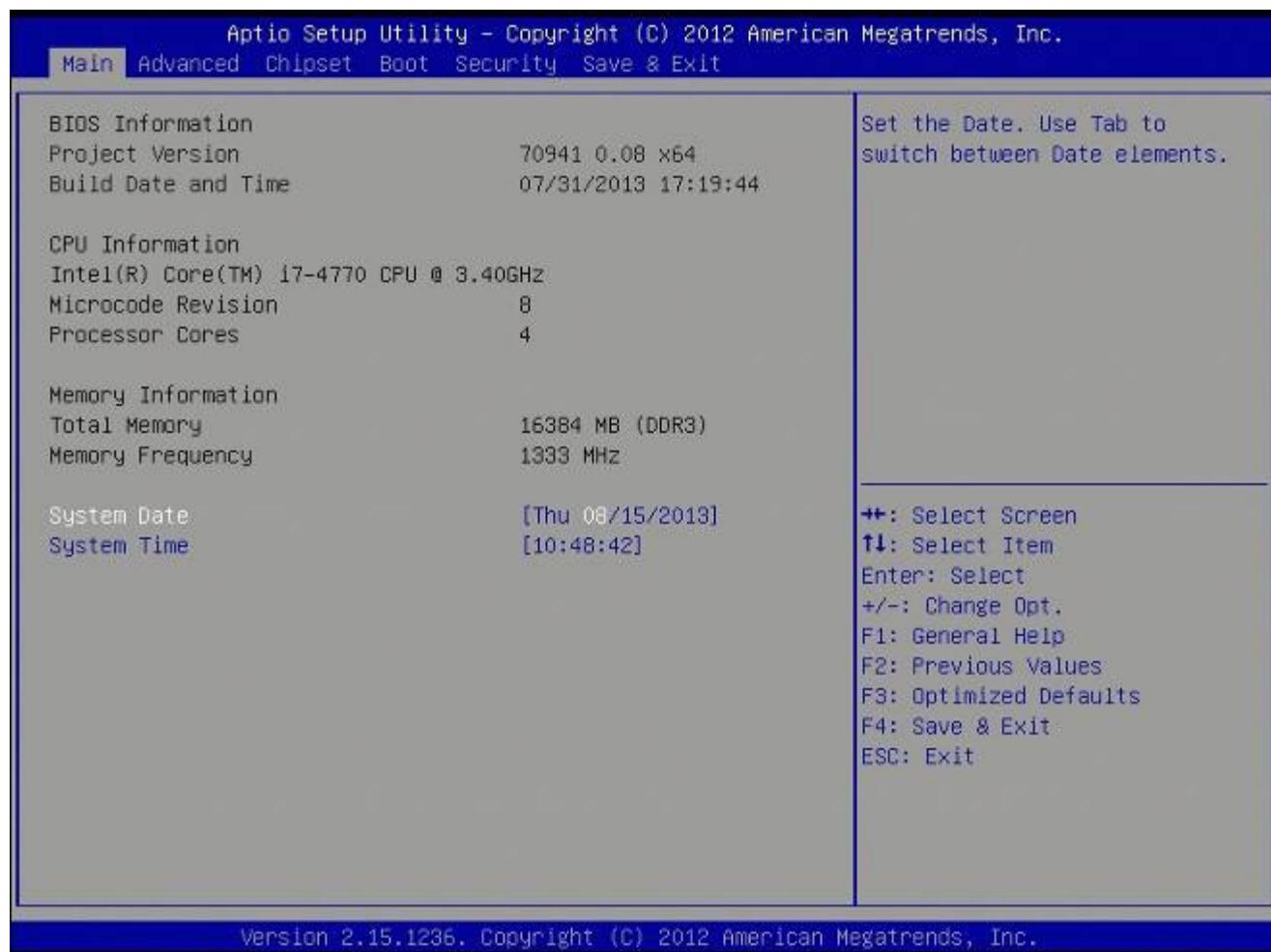
BIOS Menu Screen

When you enter the BIOS, the following screen appears. The BIOS menu screen displays the items that allow you to make changes to the system configuration. To access the menu items, press the up/down/right/left arrow key on the keyboard until the desired item is highlighted, then press [Enter] to open the specific menu.



3.2 Main Setup

This menu gives you an overview of the general system specifications. The BIOS automatically detects the items in this menu. Use this menu for basic system configurations, such as time, date etc.



- **BIOS Information**

Displays the auto-detected BIOS information.

- **System Date**

The date format is <Date>,<Month>,<Day>,<Year>.

- **System Time**

The time format is <Hour>,<Minute>,<Second>.

3.3 Advanced BIOS Setup

Select the Advanced tab from the setup screen to enter the Advanced BIOS Setup screen.

You can select any of the items in the left frame of the screen, such as Chipset configuration, to go to the sub menu for that item. You can display an Advanced BIOS Setup option by highlighting it using the <Arrow> keys. All Advanced BIOS Setup options are described in this section. The Advanced BIOS Setup screen is shown below. The sub menus are described on the following pages.



Take caution when changing the settings of the Advanced menu items. Incorrect field values can cause the system to malfunction.

3.3.1 PCI Subsystem Setting

The PCI PnP menu items allow you to change the advanced settings for PCI/PnP devices. The menu includes setting IRQ and DMA channel resources for either PCI/PnP or legacy ISA devices, and setting the memory size block for legacy ISA devices.



- **PCI Bus Driver Version**

Displays the information of PCI Bus Driver Version

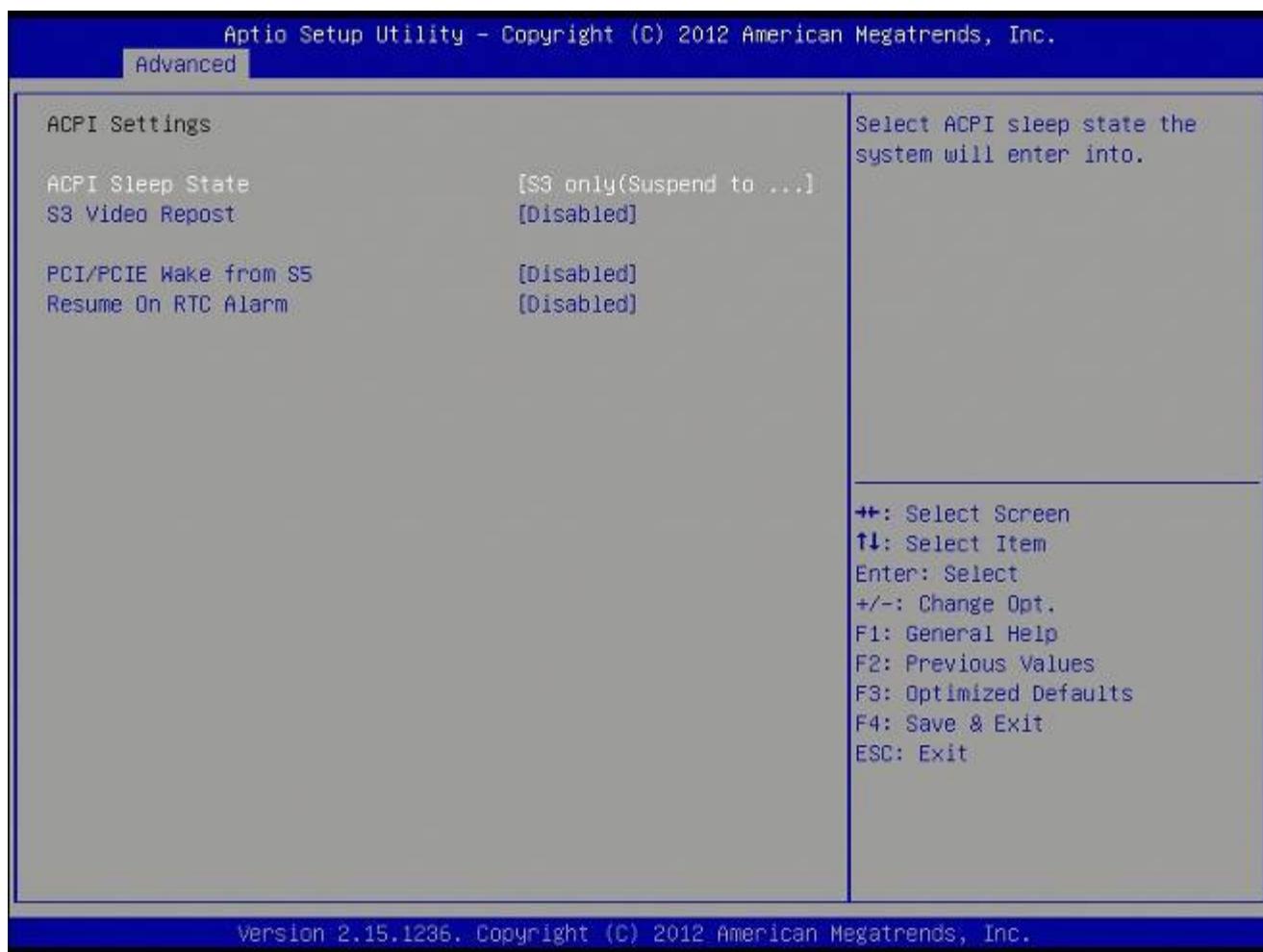
PCI Common Settings

- **PCI Latency Timer**

Value to be programmed into PCI Latency Timer Register

Configuration options: [32 PCI Bus Clocks] [64 PCI Bus Clocks] [96 PCI Bus Clocks] [128 PCI Bus Clocks]
[160 PCI Bus Clocks] [192 PCI Bus Clocks] [224 PCI Bus Clocks] [248 PCI Bus Clocks]

3.3.2 ACPI Settings



- **ACPI Sleep State [S3 (suspend to RAM)]**

Select the highest ACPI sleep state the system will enter the SUSPEND button is press. Configuration options: [S1 (CPU Stop Clock)] [S3 (suspend to RAM)]

- **S3 Video Repost [Disabled]**

This setting allows you to determine whether to invoke VGA BIOS POST on S3/STR resume.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

- **PCI/PCIE Wake from S5 [Disabled]**

Control PCI/PCIE wake up function

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

- **Resume On RTC Alarm [Disabled]**

Enable or disable system wake on alarm even. When enabled, system will wake upon the hr/min/sec specified.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

3.3.3 Trusted computing



Configuration

- **Security Device Support [Disabled]**

Enable or disable TPM support.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

- **Current Status Information**

Displays the TPM status information

3.3.4 CPU configuration

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2012 American Megatrends, Inc.

Advanced

CPU Configuration	
Intel(R) Core(TM) i7-4770S CPU @ 3.10GHz	
CPU Signature	306c3
Microcode Patch	8
Max CPU Speed	3100 MHz
Min CPU Speed	800 MHz
CPU Speed	3500 MHz
Processor Cores	4
Intel HT Technology	Supported
Intel VT-x Technology	Supported
Intel SMX Technology	Supported
64-bit	Supported
EIST Technology	Supported
CPU C3 state	Supported
CPU C6 state	Supported
CPU C7 state	Supported
L1 Data Cache	32 kB x 4
L1 Code Cache	32 kB x 4
L2 Cache	256 kB x 4
L3 Cache	8192 kB
Hyper-threading	[Enabled]
Active Processor Cores	[All]

▲ Enabled for Windows XP and Linux (OS optimized for Hyper-Threading Technology) and Disabled for other OS (OS not optimized for Hyper-Threading Technology). When Disabled only one thread per enabled core is enabled.

++: Select Screen
↑↓: Select Item
Enter: Select
+/-: Change Opt.
F1: General Help
F2: Previous Values
F3: Optimized Defaults
F4: Save & Exit
ESC: Exit

Version 2.15.1236. Copyright (C) 2012 American Megatrends, Inc.

- **CPU configuration**

Displays the CPU information

- **Hyper-threading [Enabled]**

Enabled or disabled Hyper-Threading Technology

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

- **Active Processor Cores [All]**

Select the numbers of cores in each processor package.



Configuration options: [All] [1] [2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7]
It depends on each CPU type.



- **Intel Virtualization Technology [Enabled]**

When enable, a VMM can utilize the additional hardware capabilities provided by Vanderpool Technology.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

- **EIST [Enabled]**

Enable or disable speed step.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

- **Turbo Mode [Enabled]**

Enable or Disable CPU Turbo Mode.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

- **CPU C States [Enabled]**

Enable or Disable CPU C states

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

- **Enhanced C1 state [Enabled]**

Enhanced C1 state

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

- **CPU C3 State Support [Enabled]**

Use this to enable or disable CPU C3 (ACPI C2) report to OS.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

- **CPU C6 State Support [Disabled]**

Use this to enable or disable CPU C6 (ACPI C3) report to OS.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

- **CPU C7 State Support [Disabled]**

Use this to enable or disable CPU C7 report to OS.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Note: The C6/C7 power state will have a new minimum load spec of 0.05 Amps for the 12V2 rail. For customer systems which do not use a PSU that meets Intel®'s minimum current load specifications, Intel strongly suggests to disable the processors' C6/C7 power states in your motherboard BIOS.

When the processor's C6/C7 state is disabled, the next lowest power state will be C3 (Deep Sleep Mode) which should be enabled.

- **Package C State limit [AUTO]**

Package C State limit.

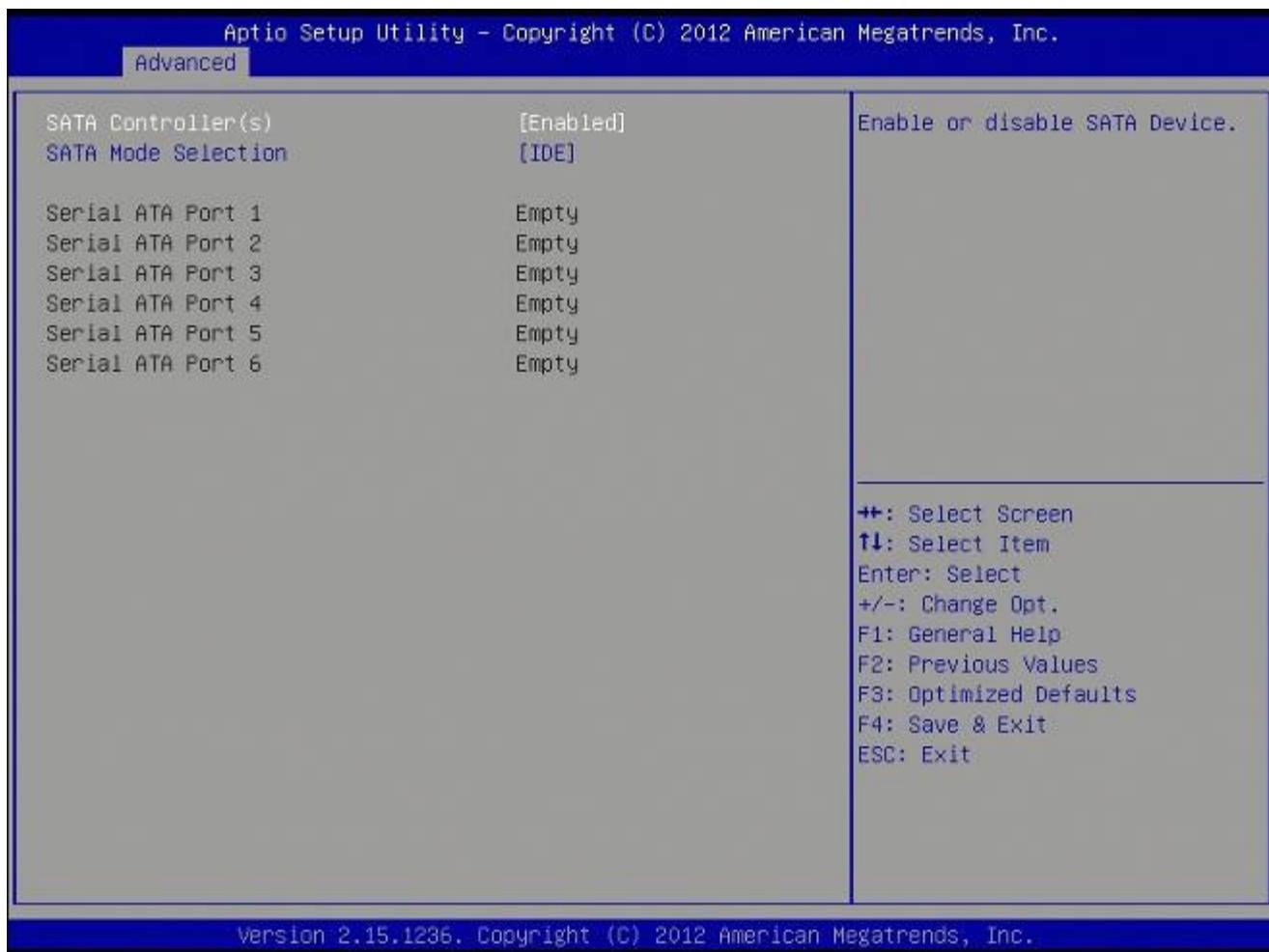
Configuration options: [C0/C1] [C2] [C3] [C6] [C7] [C7s] [AUTO]

- **Intel TXT(LT) Support [Disabled]**

Enable or disable Intel TXT(LT) support.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

3.3.5 SATA Configuration



- **Serial-ATA Controller(s) [Enable]**

Enabled/Disabled Serial-ATA Controller 0

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

- **SATA Mode [IDE]**

Determines how SATA controller(s) operate.

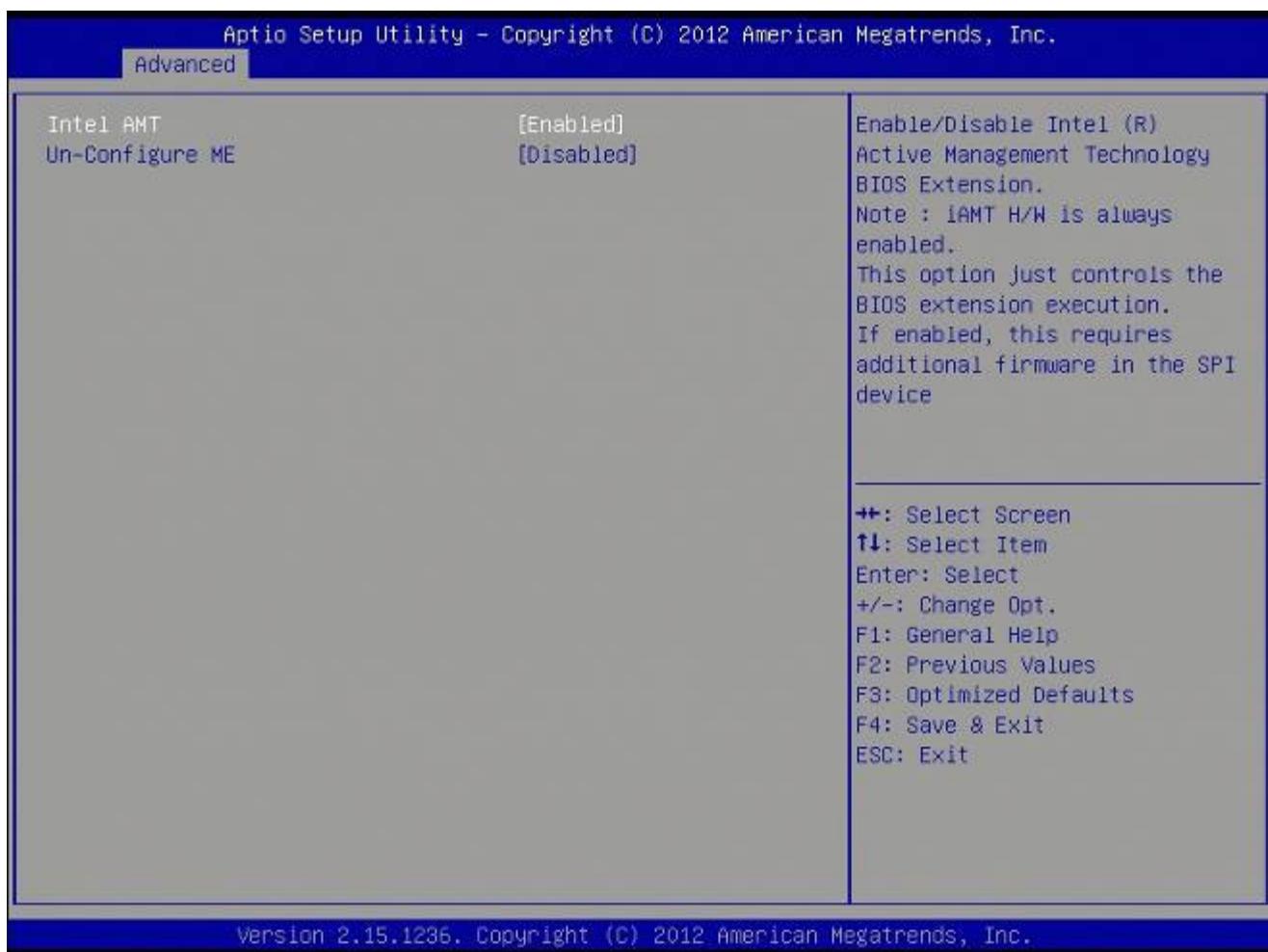
Configuration options: [IDE][AHCI][RAID]

3.3.6 PCH-FW Configuration



Display ME firmware information

3.3.7 AMT Configuration



- **Intel AMT [Enabled]**

Enable/Disable Intel Active Management Technology.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

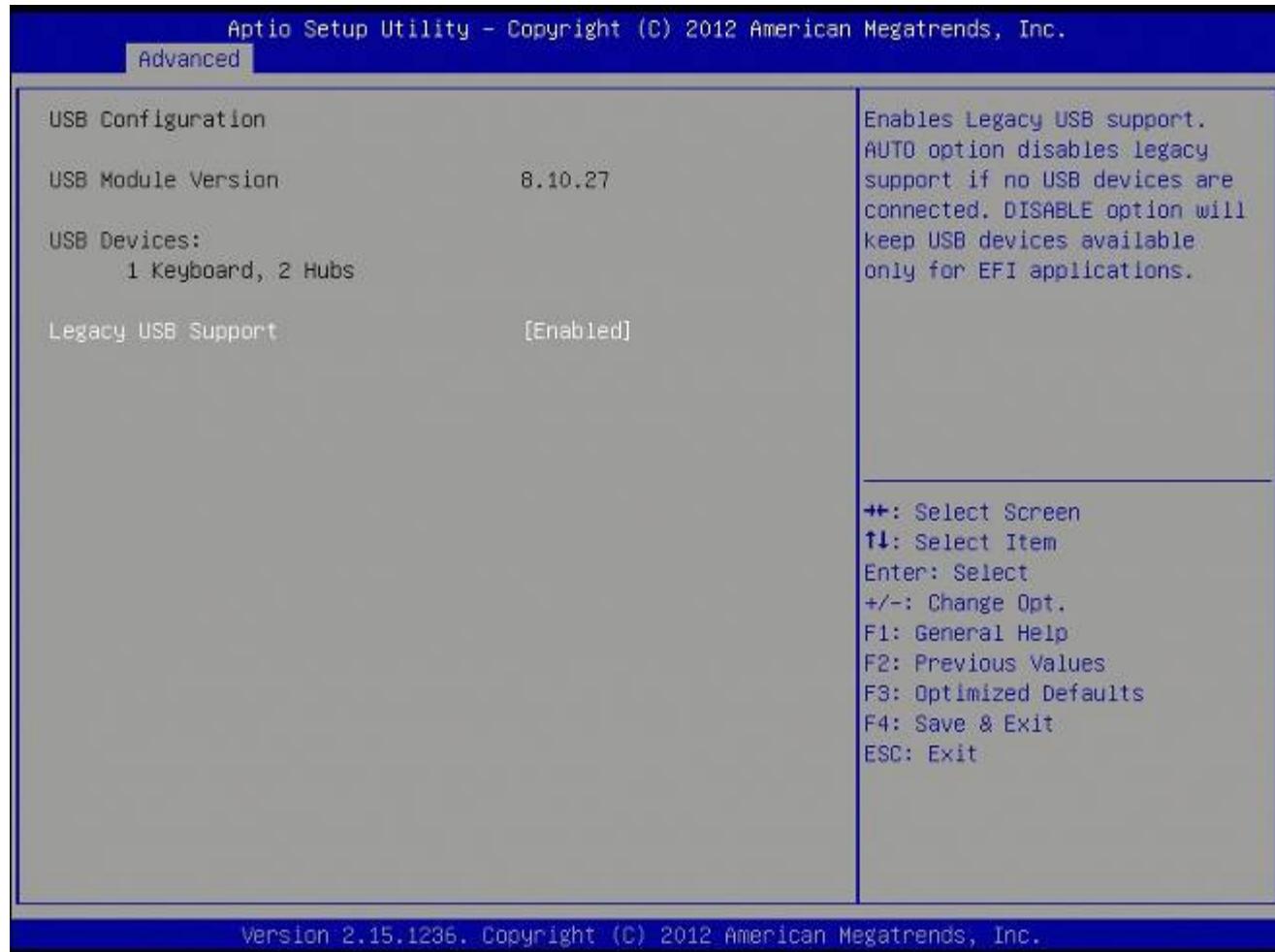
- **Un-Configure ME [Disabled]**

Un-Configure ME without password.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

3.3.8 USB Configuration

USB Configuration Parameters



- **USB Device**

Display how many devices are connected.

- **Legacy USB Support [Enabled]**

Enables Legacy USB support. AUTO option disables legacy support if no USB devices are connected.

DISABLE option will keep USB devices available only for EFI applications.

Configuration options: [Enabled] [Disabled][Auto]

3.3.9 Super IO Configuration

System Super IO Chip Parameters.

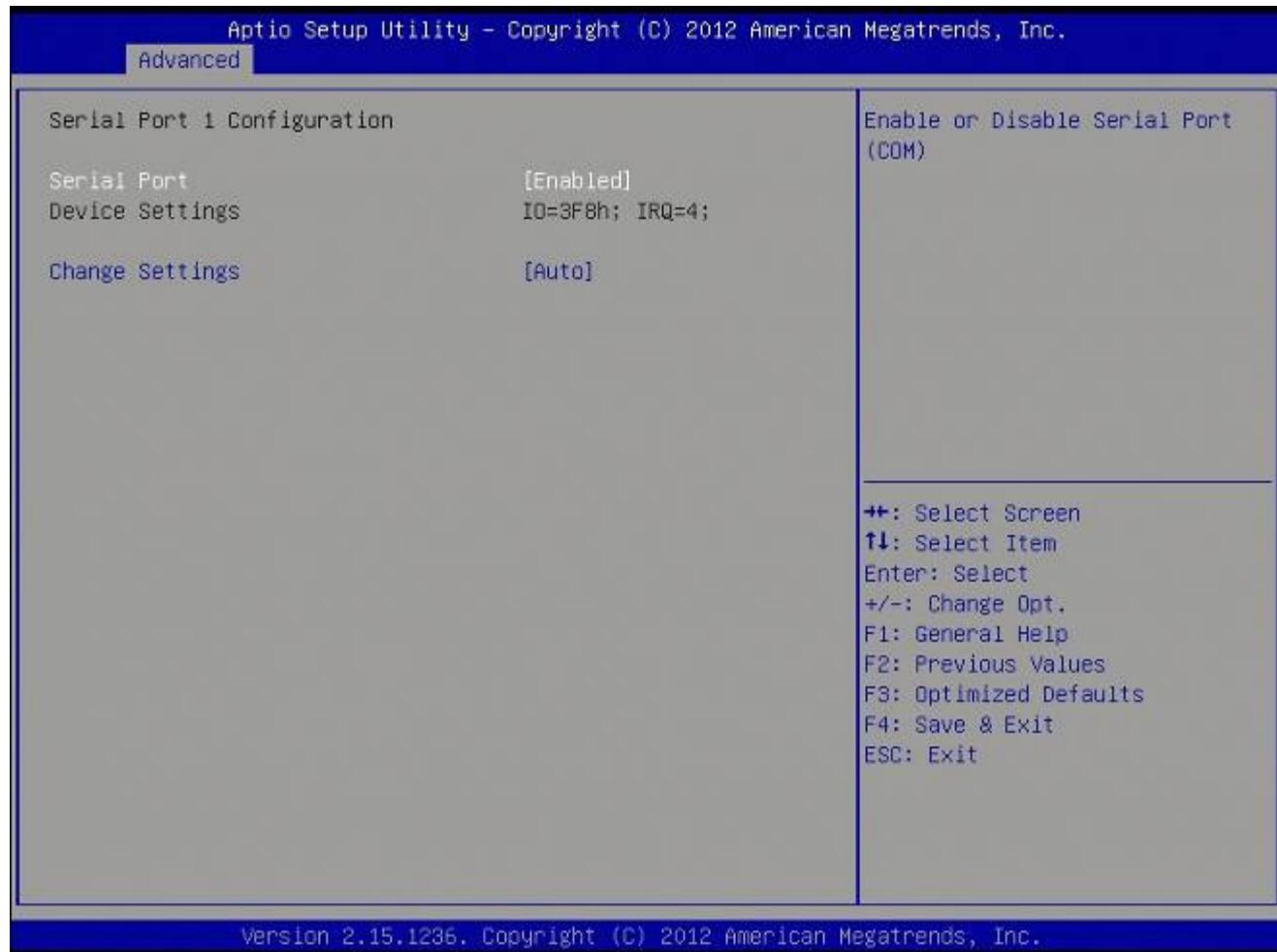


Super IO Configuration

NCT6776 Super IO Chip [NCT6776F]

3.3.10 Serial Port 1 configuration

Set Parameters of Serial Port 1



- **Serial Port [Enable]**

Enable or Disable Serial Port.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

- **Device Setting [IO=3F8h; IRQ=4]**

- **Change Setting[Auto]**

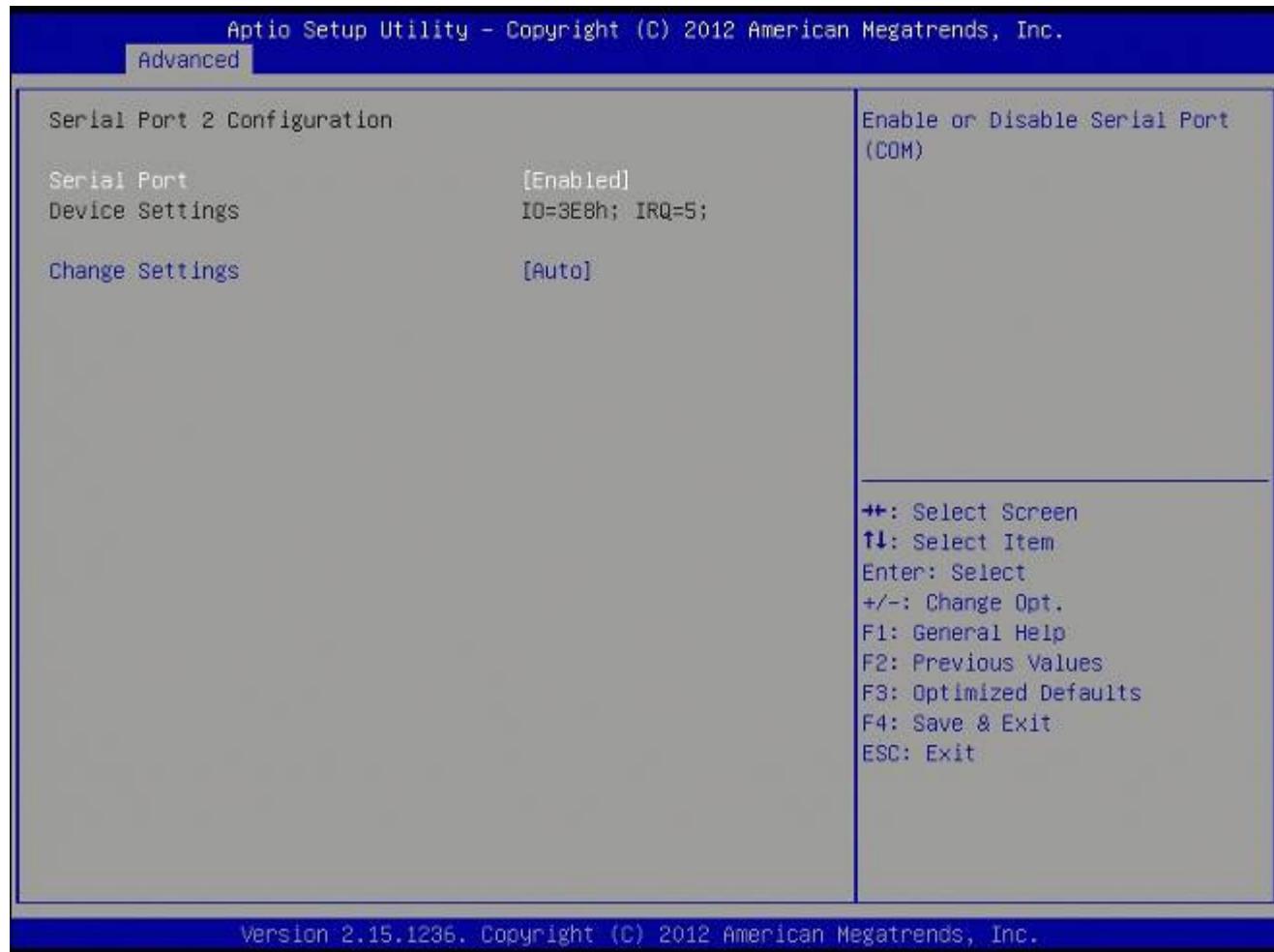
Select an optimal setting for Super IO device.

Configuration options: [Auto] [IO=3F8h; IRQ=4] [IO=3F8h; IRQ=3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12] [IO=2F8h; IRQ=3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12] [IO=3E8h; IRQ=3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12] [IO=2E8h; IRQ=3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12]

F81216 Second Super IO Chip [Fintek F81216]

3.3.11 Serial Port 2 configuration

Set Parameters of Serial Port 2



Serial Port 2 Configuration

- **Serial Port [Enable]**

Enable or Disable Serial Port.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

- **Device Setting [IO=3E8h; IRQ=5]**

- **Change Setting[Auto]**

Select an optimal setting for Super IO device.

Configuration options: [Auto] [IO=3E8h; IRQ=5] [IO=3F8h; IRQ=5, 10] [IO=2F8h; IRQ=5, 10] [IO=3E8h; IRQ=5, 10] [IO=2E8h; IRQ=5, 10]

3.3.12 Serial Port 3 configuration

Set Parameters of Serial Port 3



Serial Port 3 Configuration

- **Serial Port [Enable]**

Enable or Disable Serial Port.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

- **Device Setting [IO=2E8h; IRQ=5]**

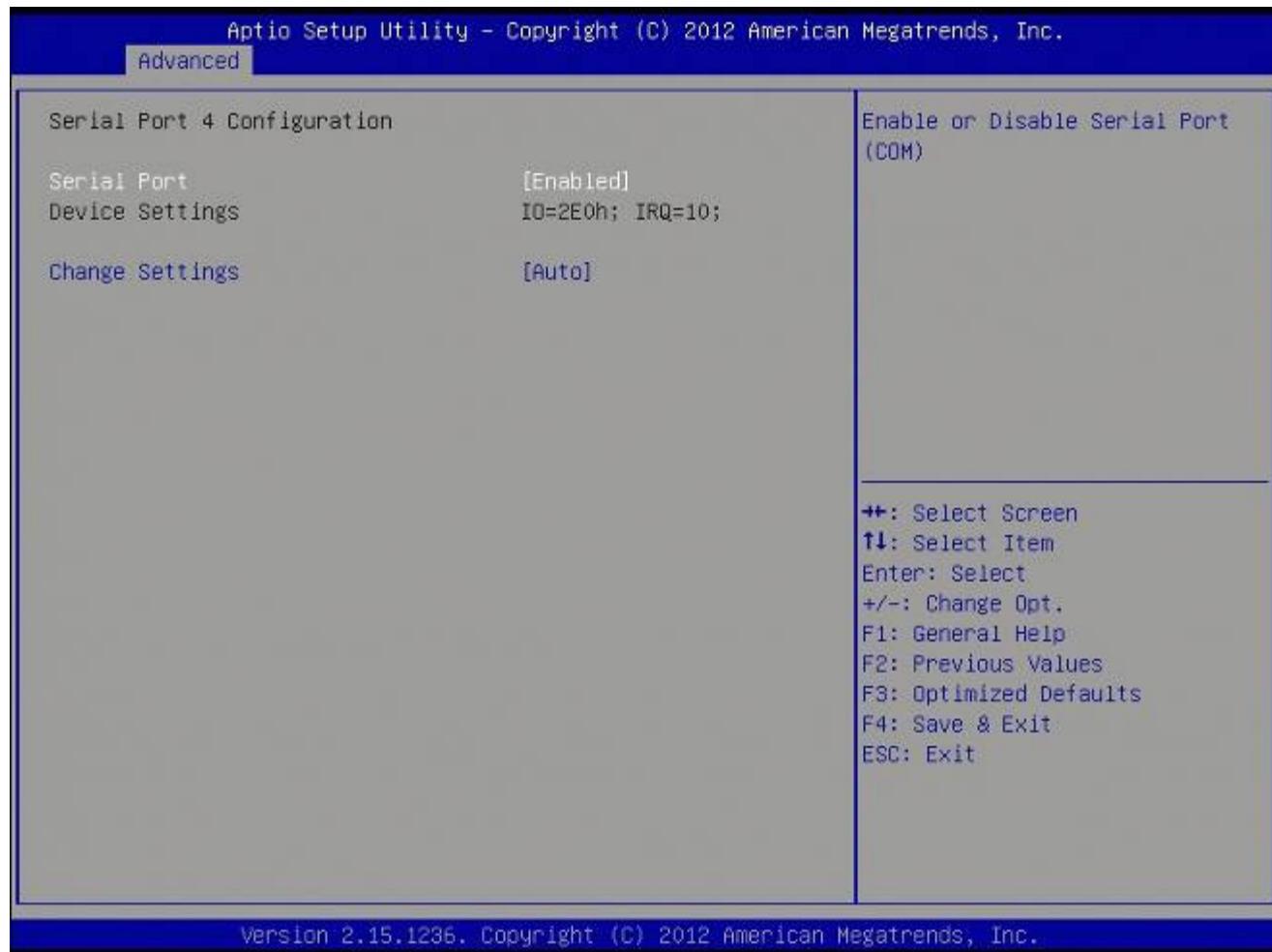
- **Change Setting[Auto]**

Select an optimal setting for Super IO device.

Configuration options: [Auto] [IO=2E8h; IRQ=5] [IO=3F8h; IRQ=5, 10] [IO=2F8h; IRQ=5, 10] [IO=3E8h; IRQ=5, 10] [IO=2E8h; IRQ=5, 10]

3.3.13 Serial Port 4 configuration

Set Parameters of Serial Port 4



Serial Port 4 Configuration

- **Serial Port [Enable]**

Enable or Disable Serial Port.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

- **Device Setting [IO=2E0h; IRQ=10]**

- **Change Setting[Auto]**

Select an optimal setting for Super IO device.

Configuration options: [Auto] [IO=2E0h; IRQ=10] [IO=3F8h; IRQ=5, 10] [IO=2F8h; IRQ=5, 10] [IO=3E8h; IRQ=5, 10] [IO=2E8h; IRQ=5, 10] [IO=2E0h; IRQ=5, 10] [IO=2F0h; IRQ=5, 10]

3.3.14 Serial Port 5 configuration

Set Parameters of Serial Port 5



Serial Port 5 Configuration

- **Serial Port [Enable]**

Enable or Disable Serial Port.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

- **Device Setting [IO=2F0h; IRQ=10]**

- **Change Setting[Auto]**

Select an optimal setting for Super IO device.

Configuration options: [Auto] [IO=2F0h; IRQ=10] [IO=3F8h; IRQ=5, 10] [IO=2F8h; IRQ=5, 10] [IO=3E8h; IRQ=5, 10] [IO=2E8h; IRQ=5, 10] [IO=2E0h; IRQ=5, 10] [IO=2F0h; IRQ=5, 10]

3.3.15 Parallel Port Configuration



- **Parallel Port [Enable]**

Use this item to enable or disable the onboard parallel port.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

- **Change Settings [Auto]**

Use this item to select an optional setting for Super IO device.

Configuration Options: [Auto] [IO=378h; IRQ=7] [IO=378h; IRQ=6,7,9,11,12] [IO=278h; IRQ=6,7,9,11,12]

- **Device Mode [STD Printer Mode]**

Use this item to change the Printer Port mode.

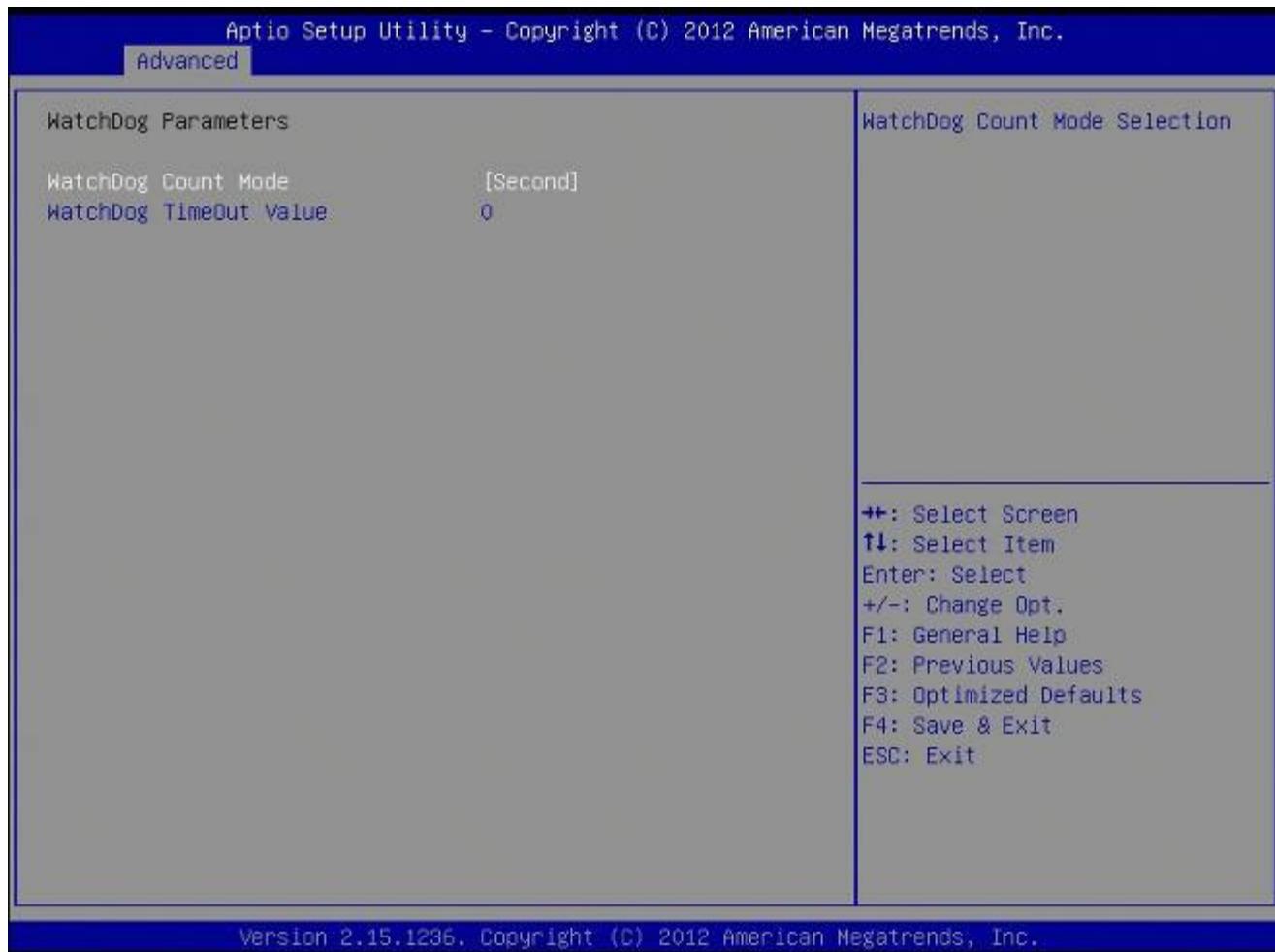
Configuration Options: [STD Printer Mode] [SPP Mode] [EPP-1.9 and SPP Mode] [EPP-1.7 and SPP Mode] [ECP Mode] [ECP Mode and EPP-1.9 Mode] [ECP Mode and EPP-1.7 Mode]

- **Chassis Opened Warning [Disabled]**

Select whether to enable Chassis Intrusion Detection.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

3.3.16 WatchDog Configuration



- **WatchDog Count Mode [Second(s) Mode]**

Select Watch Dog Count Mode.

Configuration options: [Second(s) Mode] [Minute(s) Mode]

- **WatchDog TimeOut Value [0]**

Timer will start to count from end of POST. 00 – Timeout Disable

- **GPIO Group Control [Disabled]**

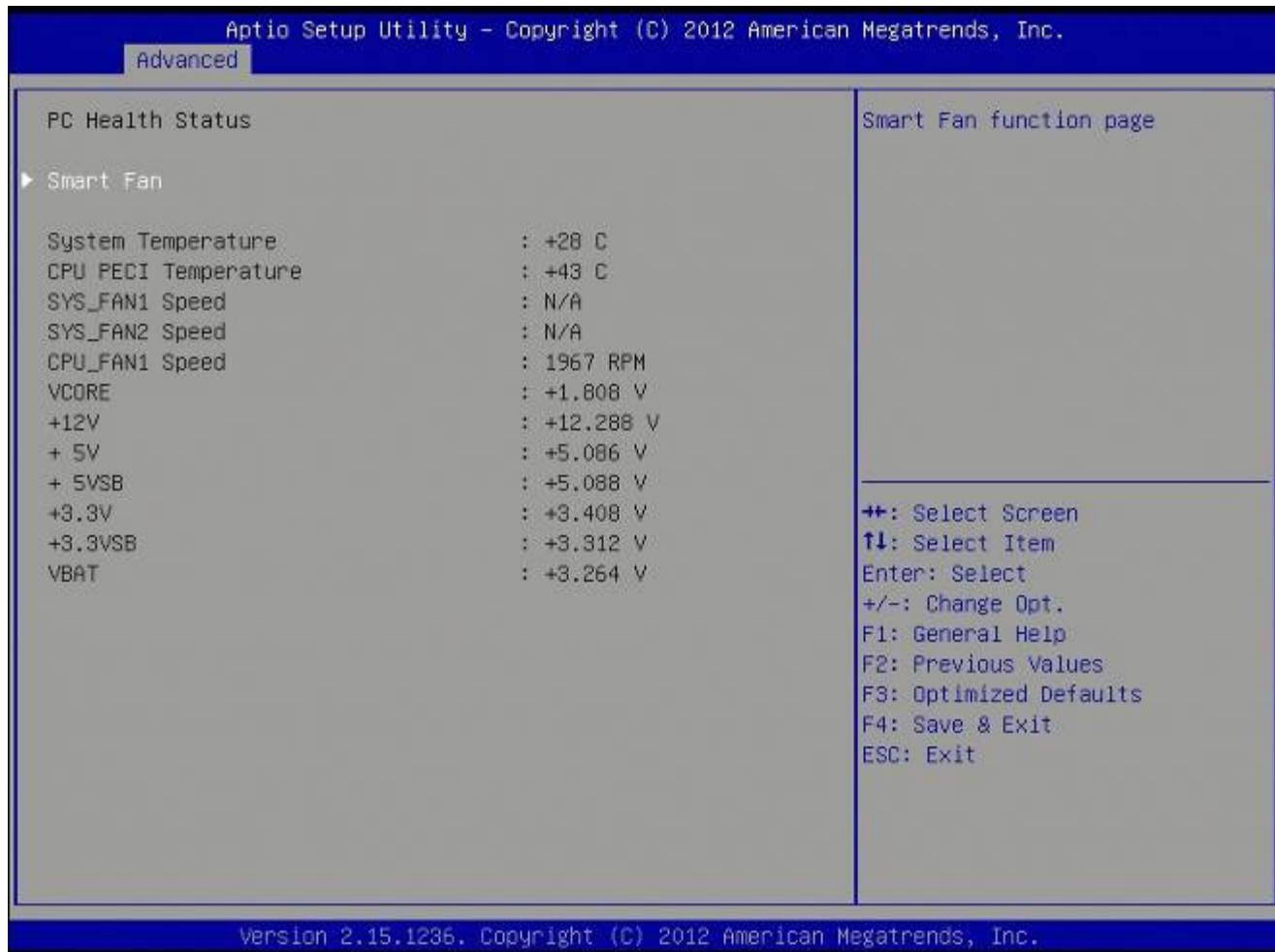
Configure the digital GPIO pins.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

3.3.17 H/W Monitor

- **PC Health Status**

Display system health status



3.3.18 Smart Fan



- **Smart Fan Function [Enable]**

Smart Fan Function enable/disable

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

3.3.19 Smart Fan Mode Configuration

Smart Fan Mode configuration



- **SYS Smart Fan1 Target [Disabled]**

SYS Smart Fan1 Target Temperature

Configuration options: [Disabled] [40 C] [45 C] [50 C] [55 C] [60 C] [65 C] [70 C]

- **SYS Smart Fan2 Target [Disabled]**

SYS Smart Fan2 Target Temperature

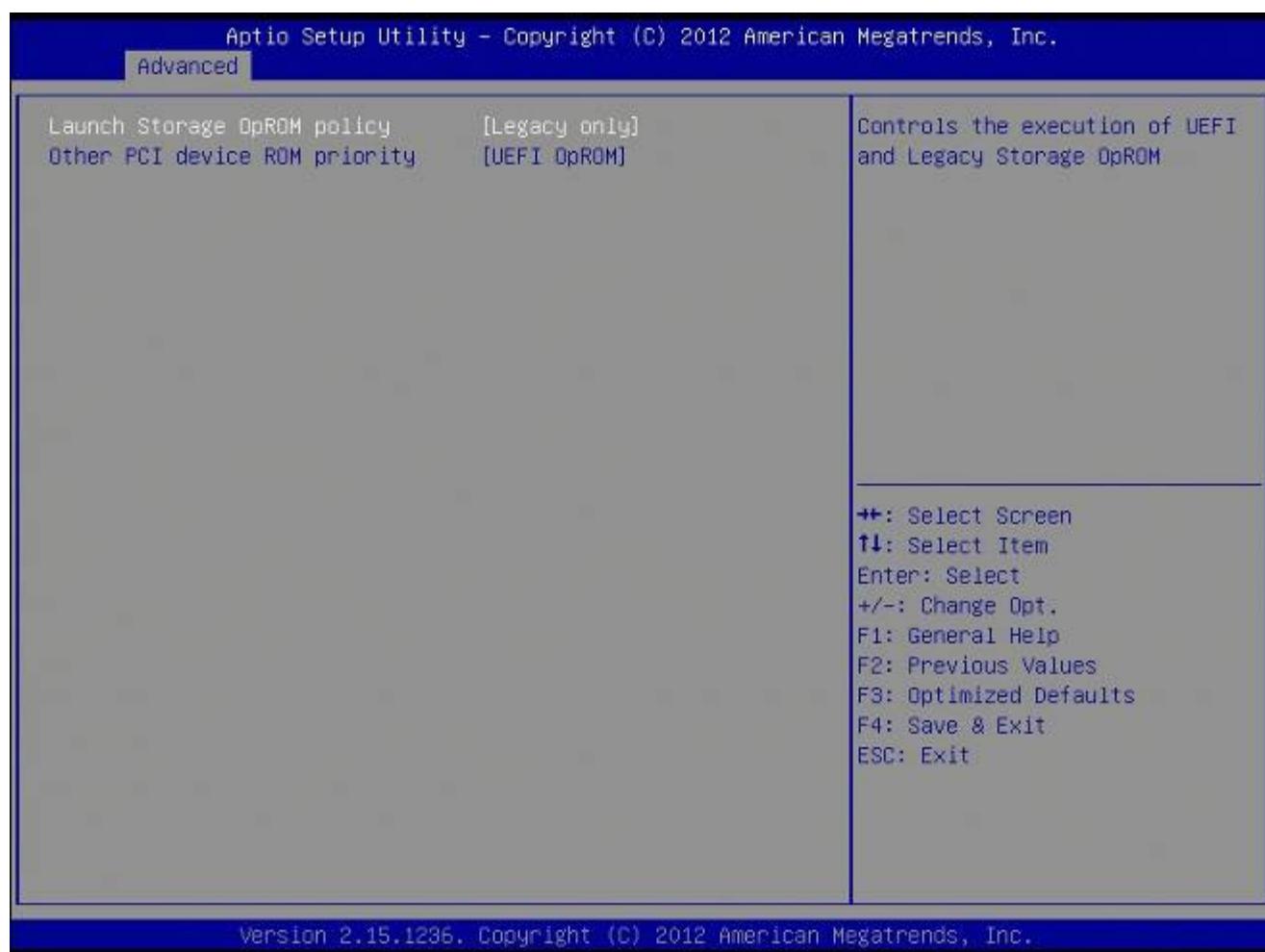
Configuration options: [Disabled] [40 C] [45 C] [50 C] [55 C] [60 C] [65 C] [70 C]

- **CPU Smart Fan Target [Disabled]**

CPU Smart Fan Target Temperature

Configuration options: [Disabled] [40 C] [45 C] [50 C] [55 C] [60 C] [65 C] [70 C]

3.3.20 Option ROM Policy



- **Launch Storage OpROM [Legacy only]**

Enable or Disable Boot Option For Legacy Mass Storage Devices with Option ROM

Configuration options: [Do not launch] [UEFI only] [Legacy only]

- **Other PCI Device ROM priority [UEFI OpROM]**

Configuration options: [UEFI OpROM] [Legacy OpROM]

3.3.21 Intel RC Driver Version Detail

Displays Version String for drivers



3.4 Chipset



3.4.1 PCH-IO Configuration

PCH-IO Configuration



- **LAN1 Controller [Enable]**

Enable/Disable LAN1 Controller

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

- **LAN1 Option-ROM [Disable]**

Enable/Disable LAN1 boot option for legacy network devices.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

- **LAN2 Controller [Enable]**

Enable/Disable LAN1 Controller

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

- **LAN2 Option-ROM [Disable]**

Enable/Disable LAN2 boot option for legacy network devices.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

- **Restore AC Power Loss [Always Off]**

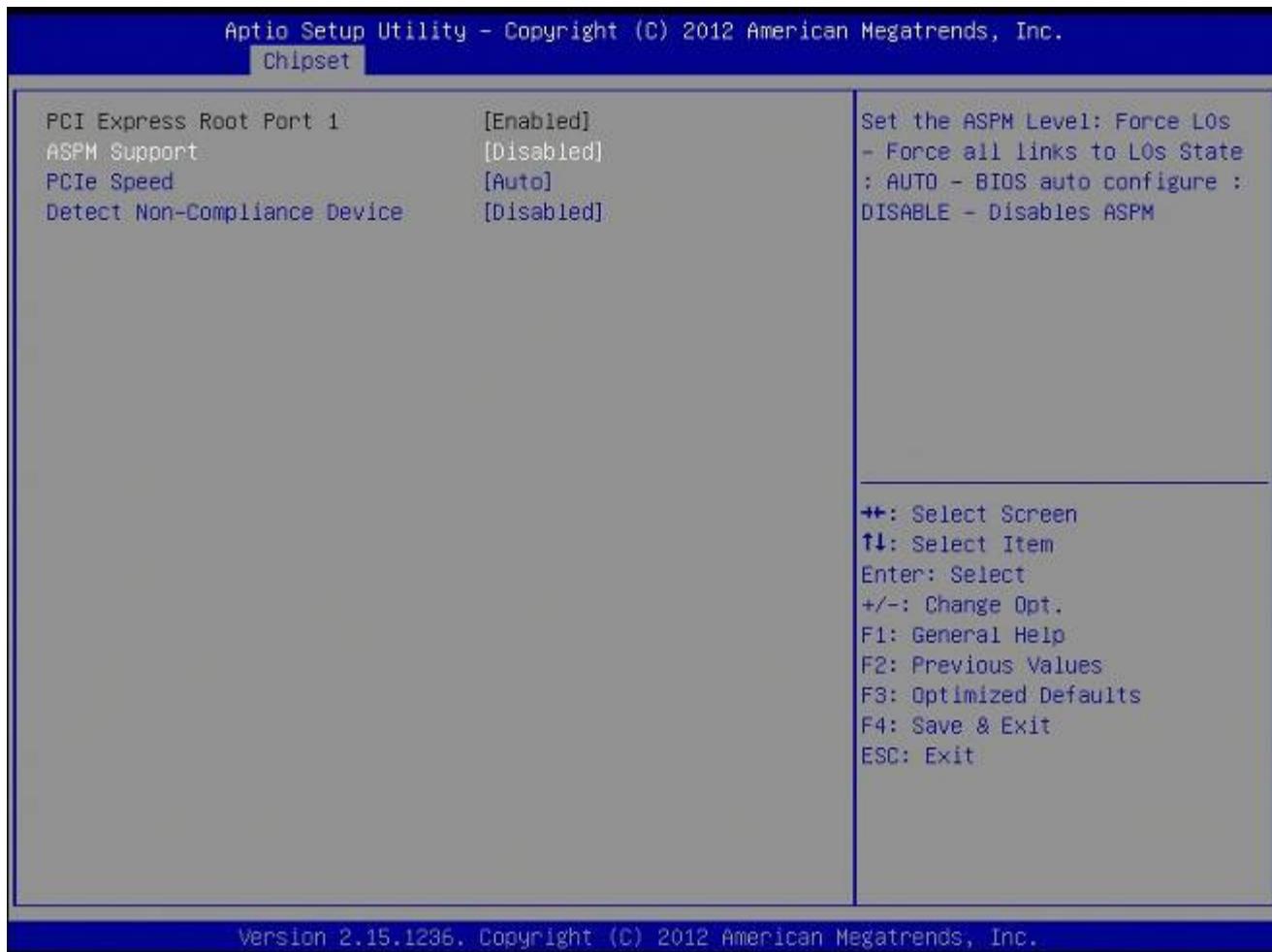
Specify what state to go to when power is re-applied after a power failure.

Configuration options: [Always Off] [Always On] [Last state]

3.4.1.1 PCI Express Configuration



3.4.1.2 PCI Express Root Port 1



- **ASPM Support [Disabled]**

Set the ASPM Level1: Force L0s – Force all links to L0s State, AUTO – BIOS auto configure, Disabled – Disables ASPM

Configuration options: [Disabled] [L0s] [L1] [L0sL1] [AUTO]

- **PCIe Speed [Auto]**

Select PCI Express port speed.

Configuration options: [AUTO] [Gen1] [Gen2]

- **Detect Non-Compliance Device [Disabled]**

Detect Non-Compliance PCI Express Device. If enable, it will take more time at POST time

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

3.4.1.3 PCI Express Root Port 5



- **PCI Express Root Port 5 [Enabled]**

Control the PCI Express Root Port.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

- **ASPM Support [Disabled]**

Set the ASPM Level1: Force L0s – Force all links to L0s State, AUTO – BIOS auto configure, Disabled – Disables ASPM

Configuration options: [Disabled] [L0s] [L1] [L0sL1] [AUTO]

- **PCIe Speed [Auto]**

Select PCI Express port speed.

Configuration options: [AUTO] [Gen1] [Gen2]

- **Detect Non-Compliance Device [Disabled]**

Detect Non-Compliance PCI Express Device. If enable, it will take more time at POST time

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

3.4.1.4 USB Configuration



- **USB3.0 Support [Enabled]**

Enable/Disable USB 3.0 support

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

- **USB ports per-port disable cont [Disabled]**

Control each of the USB ports (1~14) disabling.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

3.4.1.5 PCH Azalia Configuration

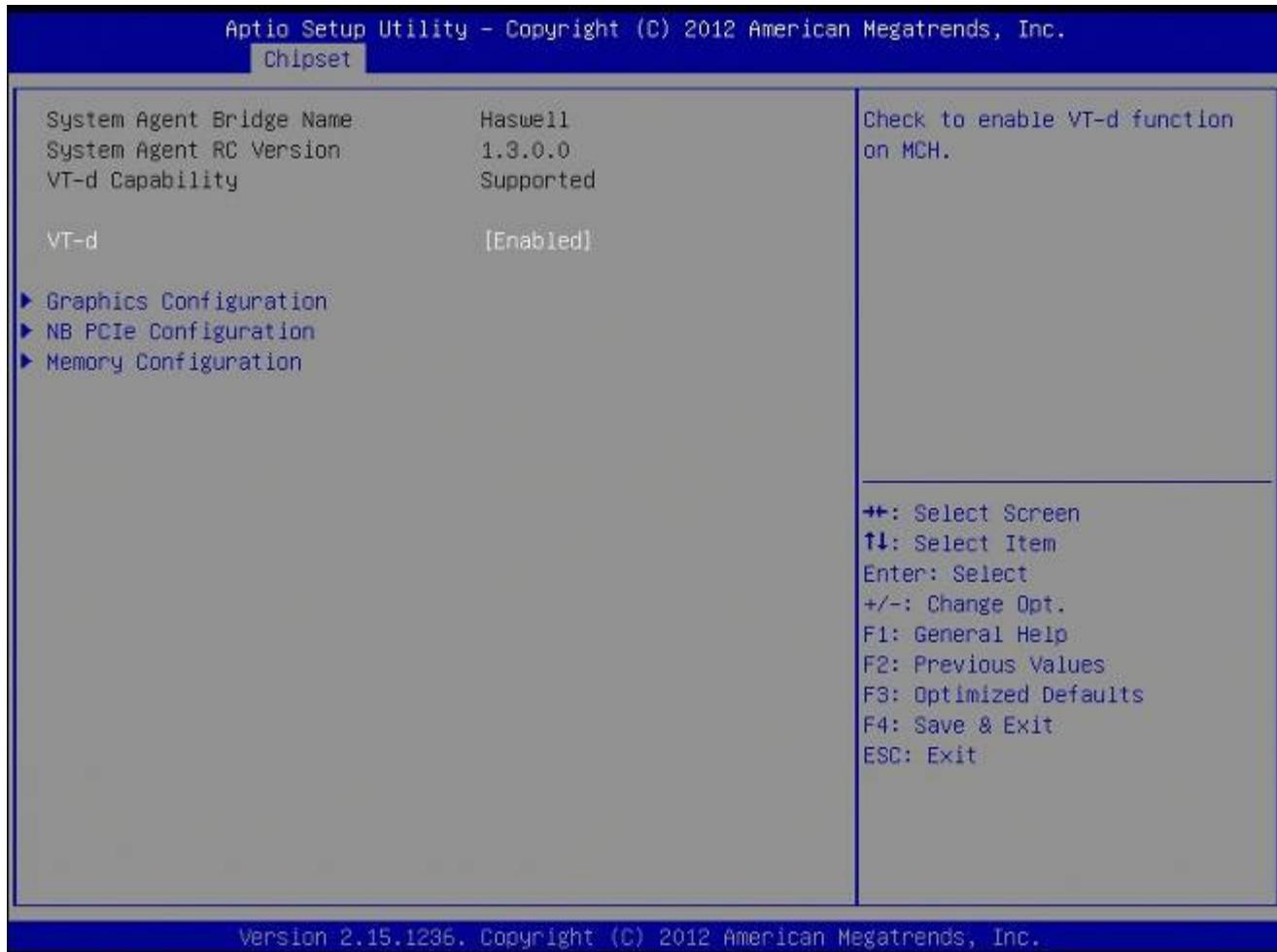


- **Azalia [Enabled]**

Control Detection of the Azalia device.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

3.4.2 System Agent (SA) Configuration



● VT-d [Disable]

Set VT-d Enable or Disable

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

3.4.2.1 Graphics Configuration



- **Primary Display [Auto]**

Select which of IGFX/PEG/PCI Graphics device should be Primary Display or select SG for Switchable Gfx.

Configuration options: [AUTO][IGFX][PEG]

- **Internal Graphics [Auto]**

Keep IGD enabled based on the setup options.

Configuration options: [Auto] [Disabled] [Enabled]

- **DVMT Pre-Allocated [32M]**

Select DVMT 5.0 Pre-Allocated (Fixed) graphics memory size used by the internal graphics device.

Configuration options: [32M]~[512M]

- **DVMT Total Gfx Mem [256M]**

Select DVMT 5.0 total graphics memory size used by the internal graphics device.

Configuration options: [128M][256M][MAX]

3.4.2.1.1 LCD Control



- Primary IGFX Boot Display [VBIOS Default]

Select the Video Device that will be activated during POST.

Configuration options: [VBIOS Default] [CRT] [Display Port1] [DVI-D] [Display Port2]

3.4.2.2 NB PCIe Configuration



- **PEG0 – Gen X [Auto]**

Configure PEG0 Gen1~Gen3

Configuration options: [Auto][Gen1][Gen2][Gen3]

- **Enable PEG [Auto]**

To enable/Disable the PEG slot.

Configuration options:[Auto][Enabled][Disabled]

- **Detect Non-Compliance Device [Disabled]**

Detect Non-Compliance PCI Express Device in PEG.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

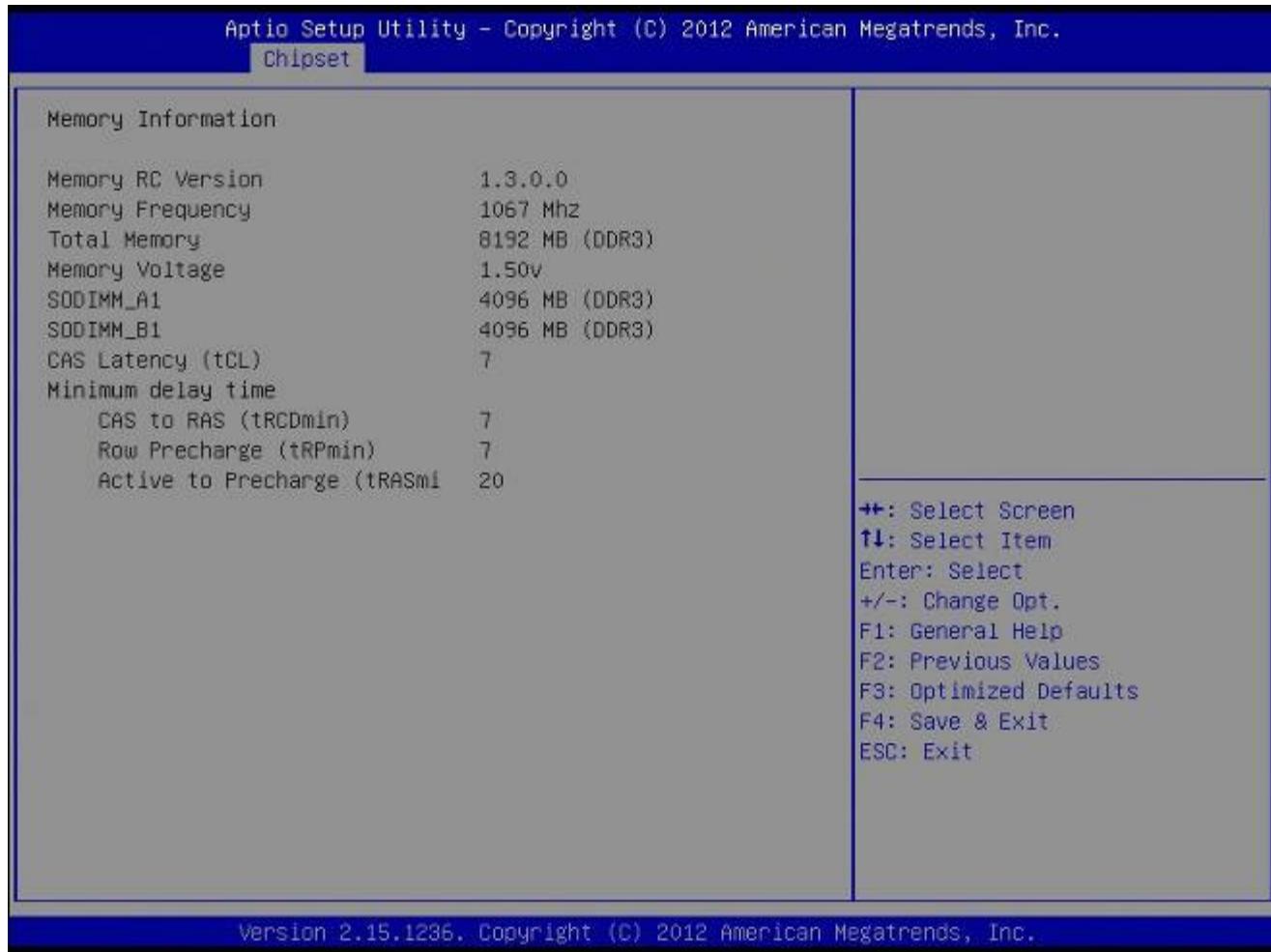
- **PEG1 - ASPM [Disabled]**

Control ASPM support for the PEG Device. This has no effect if PEG is not the currently active device.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Auto] [ASPM L0s] [ASPM L1] [ASPM L0sL1]

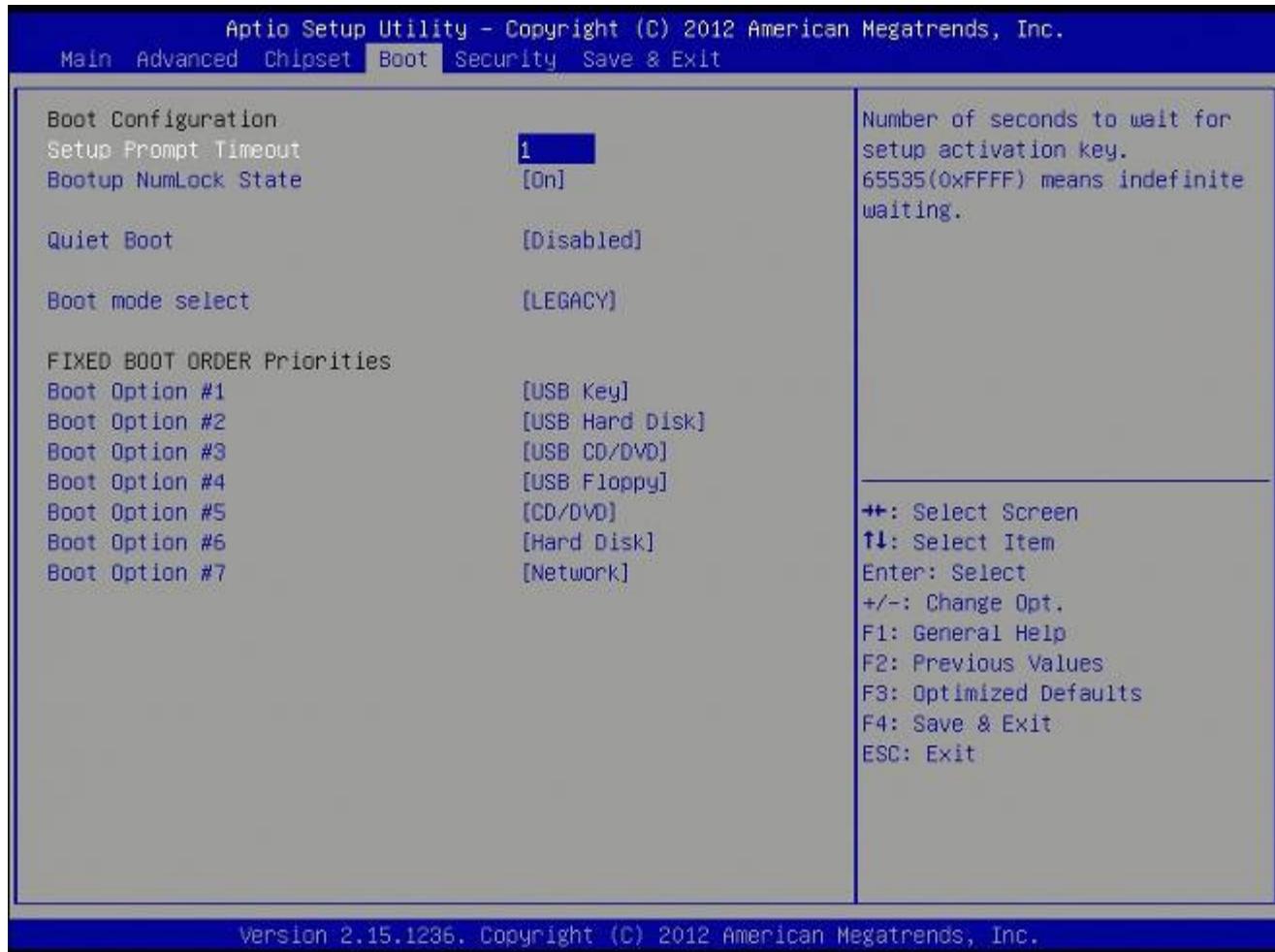
3.4.2.3 Memory Information

Display Memory Information



3.5 Boot

Boot Configuration



- **Setup Prompt Timeout [1]**

Number of seconds to wait for setup activation key. 65535(0xFFFF) means indefinite waiting.

- **Bootup NumLock State [On]**

Select the keyboard NumLock state

Configuration options: [On] [Off]

- **Quiet Boot [Disabled]**

Enables or disables Quiet Boot option.

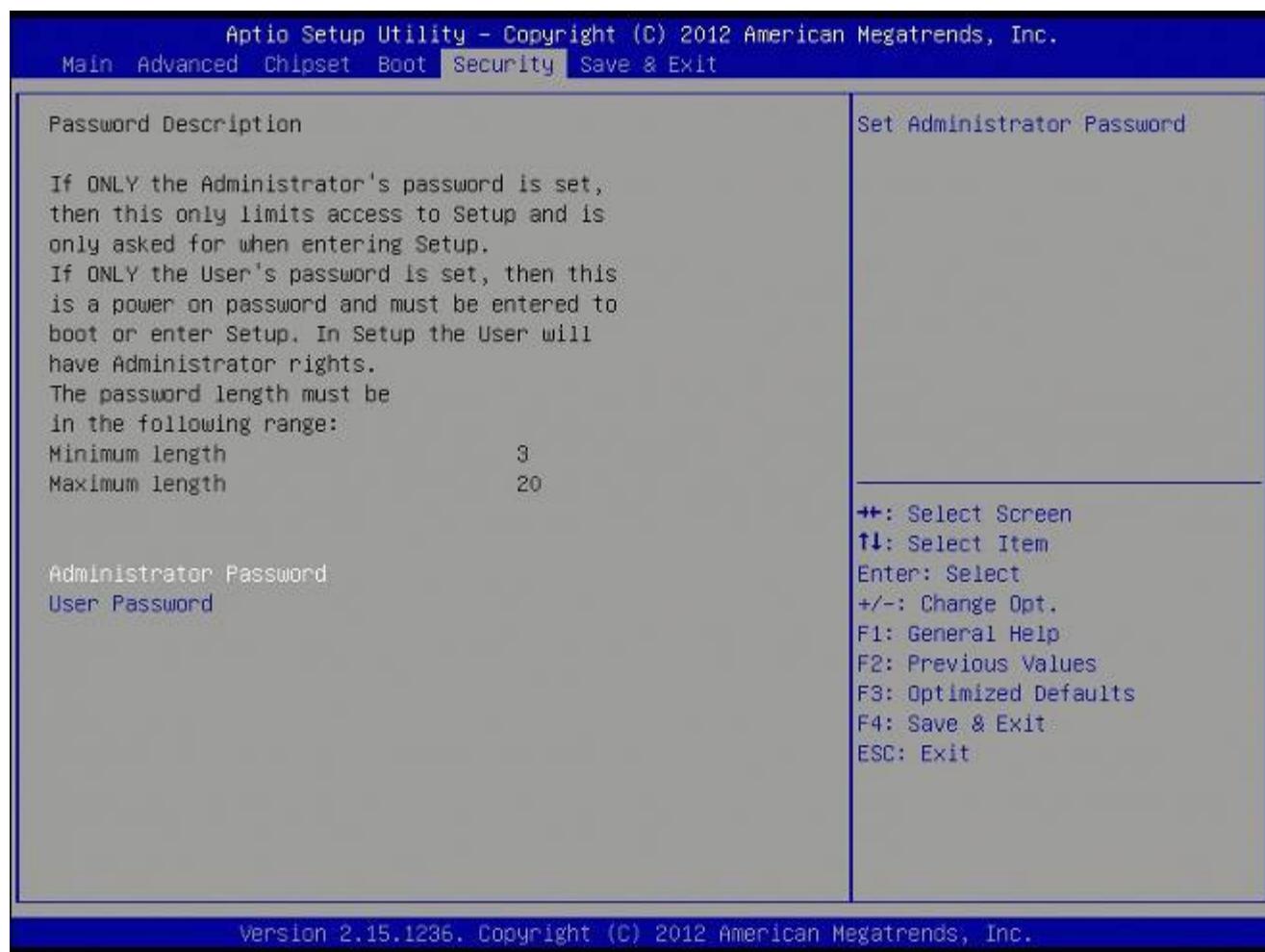
Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

- **Boot mode select [LEGACY]**

Select boot mode LEGACY/UEFI.

Configuration options: [LEGACY] [UEFI]

3.6 Security



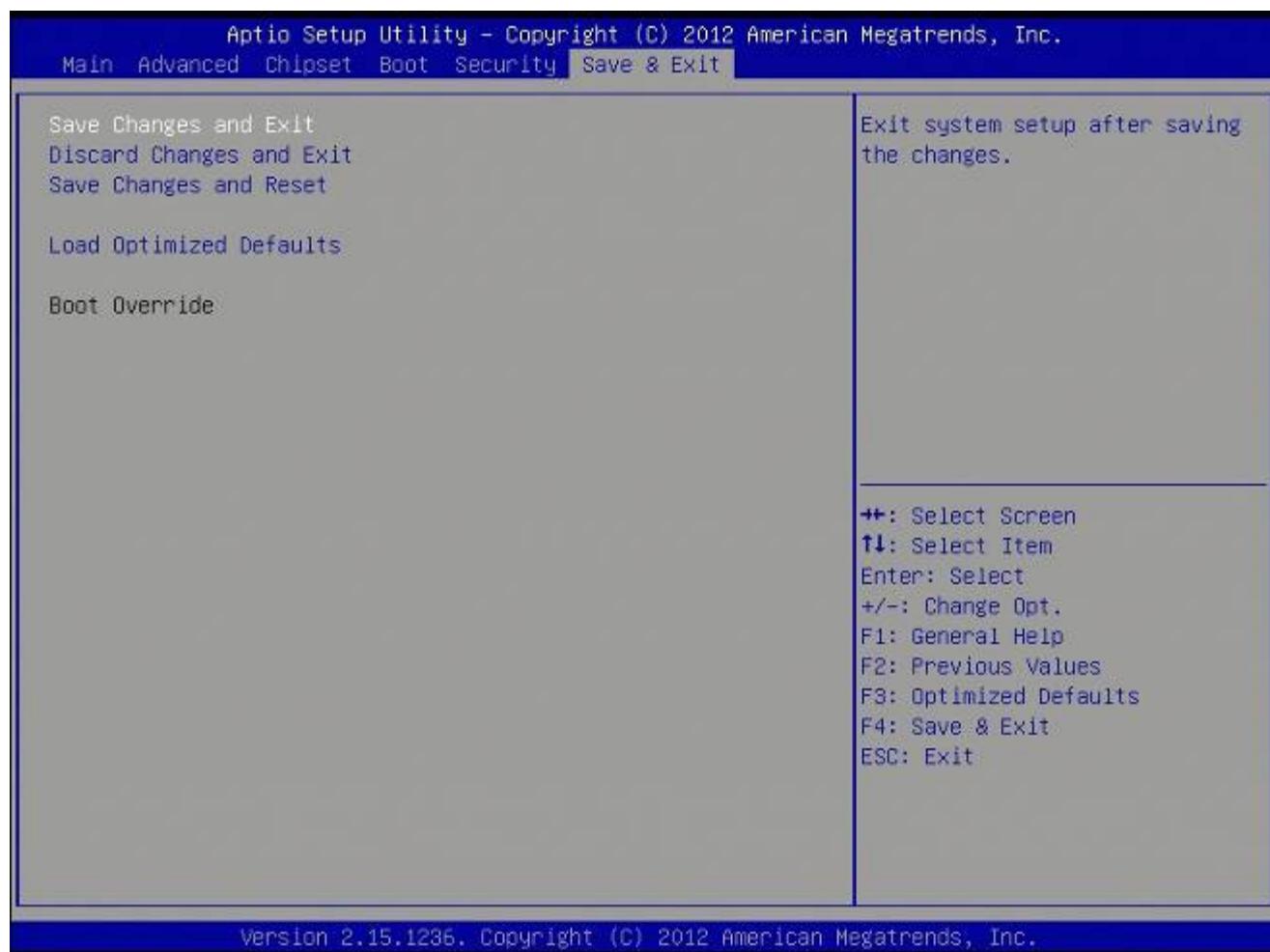
- **Administrator Password**

Set setup Administrator Password

- **User Password**

Set User Password

3.7 Save & Exit



- **Save changes and Exit**

Exit system setup after saving the changes.

- **Discard changes and Exit**

Exit system setup without saving the changes.

- **Save changes and Reset**

Reset the system after saving the changes.

- **Load Optimized Defaults**

Restore/Load default values for all the setup option.

Boot Mode BIOS default related to RAID function

Boot Mode	BIOS Mode (aka Legacy Mode)	UEFI Mode
Boot ROM Format	PCI or ISA ROM, 16-bit	UEFI Driver, 32-bit or 64-bit
UI for Q87 RAID features	Intel RAID ROM, CTRL+I	"MISC" page in SETUP
Partition Type of Boot Drive	MBR	GPT
Windows OS Setup Disc	BIOS Boot Mode Version	UEFI Boot Mode Version
Option "Legacy Boot"	Enabled	Disabled
Option "UEFI Boot"	Disabled	Enabled